

Flex EX2
Radio Remote Control Equipment Instruction Manual

## C

## SERVICE INFORMATION

For questions regarding service or technical information contact:
1.866.MAG.SERV
(1.866.624.7378)

International Service
Outside the U.S. and Canada call 1.262.783.3500, press 3.

## Columbus McKinnon Corporation

Magnetek
N49 W13650 Campbell Drive
Menomonee Falls, WI 53051 USA

| Telephone: | 800.288 .8178 <br> E-mail: |
| :--- | :--- |
| field.service@ |  |
| Fax Numbers: |  |
| Main: | 800.298 .3503 |
| Sales: | 262.883 .3510 |
| Service: | 262.783 .3508 |

## Canada Service Information:

161 Orenda Road
Unit 1
Brampton, Ontario
L6W 1W3 Canada
Telephone: 800.792.7253
Fax: 905.828.5707
416.424.7617 (24/7 Service pager)

Website
https://www.columbusmckinnon.com/magnetek

## © 2021 Columbus McKinnon Corporation

All rights reserved. This notice applies to all copyrighted materials included with this product, including, but not limited to, this manual and software embodied within the product. This manual is intended for the sole use of the person(s) to whom it was provided, and any unauthorized distribution of the manual or dispersal of its contents is strictly forbidden. This manual may not be reproduced in whole or in part by any means whatsoever without the expressed written permission of the Columbus McKinnon Corporation.

## PRODUCT SAFETY INFORMATION

Magnetek, Inc. offers a broad range of radio remote control products, control products, adjustable frequency drives, and industrial braking systems for overhead material handling applications. This manual has been prepared by Magnetek to provide information and recommendations for the installation, use, operation and service of Magnetek's material handling products and systems (Magnetek Products). Anyone who uses, operates, maintains, services, installs, or owns Magnetek Products should know, understand, and follow the instructions and safety recommendations in this manual for Magnetek Products.

The recommendations in this manual do not take precedence over any of the following requirements relating to cranes, hoists and lifting devices:

- Instructions, manuals, and safety warnings of the manufacturers of the equipment where the radio system is used,
- Plant safety rules and procedures of the employers and the owners of facilities where the Magnetek Products are being used,
- Applicable local, state/provincial or federal codes (e.g., OSHA), ordinances, standards, and requirements, or
- Safety standards and practices for the overhead material handling industry.
- National and international directives and regulations must be observed for erection, commissioning, operation, and periodic tests, in particular the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, the directive for the use of work equipment $89 / 655 /$ EEC, safety regulations and relevant national safety regulations.
This manual does not include or address the specific instructions and safety warnings of the equipment manufacturers or any of the other requirements listed above. It is the responsibility of the owners, users, and operators of the Magnetek Products to know, understand and follow all of these requirements. It is the responsibility of the owner of the Magnetek Products to make its employees aware of all of the above listed requirements and to make certain that all operators are properly trained. No one should use Magnetek Products prior to becoming familiar with and being trained in these requirements.


## WARRANTY INFORMATION

FOR INFORMATION ON MAGNETEK'S PRODUCT WARRANTIES BY PRODUCT TYPE, PLEASE VISIT WWW.COLUMBUSMCKINNON.COM/MAGNETEK.

## Table of Contents

1 Introduction ..... 6
2 Radio Controlled Safety ..... 7
2.1 Critical Installation Considerations ..... 8
2.2 General ..... 8
2.3 Persons Authorized to Operate Radio Controlled Cranes ..... 8
2.4 Safety Information and Recommended Training for Radio Controlled Equipment Operators ..... 9
2.5 Transmitter Unit ..... 10
2.6 Pre-Operation Test ..... 10
2.7 Batteries ..... 11
2.7.1 Changing Batteries ..... 11
2.7.2 Battery Charging ..... 11
3 General System Information ..... 12
3.1 General Operation ..... 12
3.2 Transmitter ..... 14
3.2.1 External Illustrations ..... 14
3.2.2 Internal Illustrations ..... 15
3.3 Receiver ..... 16
3.3.1 4EX2 Receiver ..... 16
3.3.2 6EX2 Receiver ..... 18
3.3.3 8EX2 Receiver ..... 20
3.3.4 12EX2 Receiver ..... 22
3.3.5 4EX2-MRX and 6EX2-MRX ..... 24
4 Function Settings ..... 26
4.1 Transmitter ..... 26
4.1.1 Transmitter Firmware Version ..... 26
4.1.2 Display Frequency Band ..... 26
4.1.3 Transmitter Channel Settings ..... 27
4.1.4 Remote Pairing ..... 29
4.1.5 I-Chip ..... 31
4.1.6 Transmitter Output Power Settings ..... 32
4.1.7 Transmitter Inactivity Timer Settings ..... 33
4.1.8 Zero-G Sensor Settings ..... 33
4.1.9 Transmitter Start Function Settings ..... 34
4.1.10 Infrared Programming ..... 34
4.1.11 Output Feedback Settings ..... 34
4.1.12 Pushbutton Function Settings ..... 34
4.2 Receiver ..... 53
4.2.1 Receiver Channel Settings ..... 53
4.2.2 Output Relay Configurations ..... 54
4.2.3 Dipswitch Settings ..... 59
4.2.4 Jumper Settings ..... 66
4.2.5 Fuse Ratings - 4/6EX2 only ..... 69
4.2.6 Voltage Settings - 8/12EX2 only ..... 69
4.2.7 Horn Installation ..... 70
4.2.8 Indicator Light and Buzzer Installation on the MRX ..... 70
4.2.9 Other Function Output Relays Settings ..... 71
4.2.10 System Channels Table ..... 72
5 Receiver Installation ..... 76
5.1 Pre-installation Precautions ..... 76
5.2 Step-by-Step Installation ..... 77
6 System Status Light Indications ..... 80
6.1 Transmitter Status Indications ..... 80
6.2 Receiver Status Indications ..... 81
6.3 Receiver Power Indications ..... 81
6.4 Receiver COM Indications ..... 81
7 General Specifications ..... 82
8 Declaration of Conformity ..... 83
Appendix A Tandem Systems ..... 84
Apx A1.Tandem System Operation ..... 84
Apx A2.Tandem System Operation ..... 85
Apx A3.Tandem System Configurations ..... 86
Appendix B Receiver Select Radio Systems (RS) ..... 87
General Operation ..... 87
Apx B1. RS System Types ..... 87
Apx B2. I-Chip Settings ..... 91
Apx B3. Transmitter Types ..... 92
Apx B4. RS Transmitter Settings ..... 93
Apx B5. RS Receiver Settings ..... 94
Apx B6. Flex EX2 RS Wiring Diagram ..... 95

## 1 Introduction

The Flex EX2 radio remote control systems are designed for control of industrial equipment and machinery such as overhead traveling cranes, jib cranes, gantry cranes, tower cranes, electric hoists, winches, monorails, conveyor belts, mining equipment and other material handling equipment where wireless control is preferred.

Each Flex EX2 system consists of two transmitter handsets paired with one or more receiver unit(s). Other standard-equipped accessories include transmitter waist belt, spare transmitter power key, vinyl pouch, "AA" alkaline batteries, pushbutton labels, LED labels, output cable, and instruction manuals / CD.

List of notable features includes:

- Advanced Controls - the system utilizes dual advanced microprocessor controls with 32-bit CRC and Hamming Code, providing ultra-fast, safe, precise, and error-free encoding and decoding.
- Frequency Agile RF Transceiver - the system automatically searches and locks onto a free and uninterrupted channel at every system startup or during operation when encountering radio interference. The system is also capable of two-way communication between the transmitter and receiver as well as receiver-to-receiver with system status and relay output feedbacks.
- Zero-G Sensor Embedded - the transmitter is embedded with a Zero-G sensor to guard against any unintended control of the crane or equipment when transmitter is thrown or dropped.
- Wireless Remote Pairing Function - system information can be transferred wirelessly between two transmitters or between a transmitter and a receiver without the hassle of resetting the spares.
- Reliable Pushbuttons - the pushbuttons have gold-plated contacts and are rated for more than 2 million press cycles. The defined snap-action steps provide positive tactile feedback even through gloves.
- Low Power Consumption - requires only two "AA" alkaline batteries for more than 100 hours of uninterrupted operation between replacements.
- Durable Nylon and Fiberglass Composite Enclosures - highly resistant to breakage and deformation even in the most abusive environments. The receiver enclosures and output cables are IEC60332-1-2 specified. The transmitter and receiver enclosures are IP66 rated.
- Full Compliance - all systems fully comply with the FCC Part: 15 Rules, IC-RSS-210 and European Safety Standards (CE mark). For a full list of compliance please contact the manufacturer for details.
- Optional Accessories - Transmitter belt clip, transmitter lanyard, transmitter rubber guard, buzzer, charging station, multiple receivers function, and many others.


## 2 Radio Controlled Safety

## WARNINGS and CAUTIONS

Throughout this document WARNING and CAUTION statements have been deliberately placed to highlight items critical to the protection of personnel and equipment.

WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.


CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

NOTE: A NOTE statement is used to notify people of installation, operation, programming, or maintenance information that is important, but not hazard-related.

## WARNINGS and CAUTIONS SHOULD NEVER BE DISREGARDED.

The safety rules in this section are not intended to replace any rules or regulations of any applicable local, state, or federal governing organizations. Always follow your local lockout and tagout procedure when maintaining any radio equipment. The following information is intended to be used in conjunction with other rules or regulations already in existence. It is important to read all of the safety information contained in this section before installing or operating the Radio Control System.

### 2.1 Critical Installation Considerations



Prior to installation and operation of this equipment, read and develop an understanding of the contents of this manual and the operation manual of the equipment or device to which this equipment will be interfaced. Failure to follow this warning could result in serious injury or death and damage to equipment.

All equipment must have a mainline contactor installed and all tracked cranes, hoists, lifting devices and similar equipment must have a brake installed. Failure to follow this warning could result in serious injury or death and damage to equipment.

An audible and/or visual warning means must be provided on all remote controlled equipment as required by code, regulation, or industry standard. These audible and/or visual warning devices must meet all governmental requirements. Failure to follow this warning could result in serious injury or death and damage to equipment.

Follow your local lockout tagout procedure before maintaining any remote controlled equipment. Always remove all electrical power from the crane, hoist, lifting device or similar equipment before attempting any installation procedures. De-energize and tagout all sources of electrical power before touch-testing any equipment. Failure to follow this warning could result in serious injury or death and damage to equipment.

The direct outputs of this product are not designed to interface directly to two state safety critical maintained functions, i.e., magnets, vacuum lifts, pumps, emergency equipment, etc. A mechanically locking intermediate relay system with separate power considerations must be provided. Failure to follow this warning could result in serious injury or death or damage to equipment.

### 2.2 General

Radio controlled material handling equipment operates in several directions. Cranes, hoists, lifting devices and other material handling equipment can be large, and can operate at high speeds. The equipment is often operated in areas where people are working in close proximity to the material handling equipment. The operator must exercise extreme caution at all times. Workers must constantly be alert to avoid accidents. The following recommendations have been included to indicate how careful and thoughtful actions may prevent injuries, prevent damage to equipment, or even save a life.

### 2.3 Persons Authorized to Operate Radio Controlled Cranes

Only properly trained persons designated by management should be permitted to operate radio controlled equipment.
Radio controlled cranes, hoists, lifting devices and other material handling equipment should not be operated by any person who cannot read or understand signs, notices and operating instructions that pertain to the equipment.

Radio controlled equipment should not be operated by any person with insufficient eyesight or hearing or by any person who may be suffering from a disorder or illness that may cause them to lose control of the equipment, is taking any medication that may cause loss of equipment control, or is under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

### 2.4 Safety Information and Recommended Training for Radio Controlled Equipment Operators

Anyone being trained to operate radio controlled equipment should possess as a minimum the following knowledge and skills before using the radio controlled equipment.

## The operator should:

- have knowledge of hazards pertaining to equipment operation
- have knowledge of safety rules for radio controlled equipment
- have the ability to judge distance of moving objects
- know how to properly test prior to operation
- be trained in the safe operation of the radio transmitter as it pertains to the crane, hoist, lifting device or other material handling equipment being operated
- have knowledge of the use of equipment warning lights and alarms
- have knowledge of the proper storage space for a radio control transmitter when not in use
- be trained in transferring a radio control transmitter to another person
- be trained how and when to report unsafe or unusual operating conditions
- test the transmitter emergency stop and all warning devices prior to operation; testing should be done on each shift, without a load
- be thoroughly trained and knowledgeable in proper and safe operation of the crane, hoist, lifting device, or other material handling equipment that utilizes the radio control
- know how to keep the operator and other people clear of lifted loads and to avoid "pinch" points
- continuously watch and monitor status of lifted loads
- know and follow cable and hook inspection procedures
- know and follow the local lockout and tagout procedures when servicing radio controlled equipment
- know and follow all applicable operating and maintenance manuals, safety procedures, regulatory requirements, and industry standards and codes


## The operator shall not:

- lift or move more than the rated load
- operate the material handling equipment if the direction of travel or function engaged does not agree with what is indicated on the controller
- use the crane, hoist or lifting device to lift, support or transport people
- lift or carry any loads over people
- operate the crane, hoist or lifting device unless all persons, including the operator, are and remain clear of the supported load and any potential pinch points
- operate a crane, hoist or lifting device when the device is not centered over the load
- operate a crane, hoist or lifting device if the chain or wire rope is not seated properly in the sprockets, drum or sheave
- operate any damaged or malfunctioning crane, hoist, lifting device or other material handling equipment
- change any settings or controls without authorization and proper training
- remove or obscure any warning or safety labels or tags
- leave any load unattended while lifted
- leave power on the radio controlled equipment when the equipment is not in operation
- operate any material handling equipment using a damaged controller because the unit may be unsafe
- operate manual motions with other than manual power
- operate radio controlled equipment when low battery indicator is on


The operator should not attempt to repair any radio controller. If any product performance or safety concerns are observed, the equipment should immediately be taken out of service and be reported to the supervisor. Damaged and inoperable radio controller equipment should be returned to Magnetek for evaluation and repair. Failure to follow this warning could result in serious injury or death and damage to equipment.

### 2.5 Transmitter Unit

Transmitter switches should never be mechanically blocked on or off. When not in use, the operator should turn the transmitter off. A secure storage space should be provided for the transmitter unit, and the transmitter unit should always be placed there when not in use. This precaution will help prevent unauthorized people from operating the material handling equipment.

Spare transmitters should be stored in a secure storage space and only removed from the storage space after the current transmitter in use has been turned off, taken out of the service area and secured.

### 2.6 Pre-Operation Test

At the start of each work shift, or when a new operator takes control of the crane, operators should perform, at a minimum, the following steps before making lifts with any crane or hoist:
Test all warning devices.
Test all direction and speed controls.
Test the transmitter emergency stop.

### 2.7 Batteries

Know and follow proper battery handling, charging and disposal procedures. Improper battery procedures can cause batteries to explode or do other serious damage. Failure to follow this warning could result in serious injury or death and damage to equipment.

### 2.7.1 Changing Batteries

Change transmitter batteries ("AA" alkaline battery x 2) by unscrewing the battery cover located on the backside of the transmitter. During battery installation make sure the batteries are installed correctly, with " + " to " + " charge and " - " to " - " charge. Also make sure the screw is tightened after battery installation to avoid water, moisture, dirt, grease, and other liquid penetration.


### 2.7.2 Battery Charging

The transmitter is designed to accept any off-the-shelf NiMH rechargeable batteries. When charging both transmitter and individual batteries at the same time the priority always goes to the transmitter charging. The individual battery charging begins only after the transmitter charging is completed. Depending on the battery capacity the average charging time is approximately 3 hours from completely drained to fully charged. Solid red on the LED represents charging in progress, solid green represents batteries fully charged, and LED off represents no batteries detected.

NOTE: Do not use any rechargeable lithium ion batteries as they will damage both the transmitter and the charging station.


## 3 General System Information

### 3.1 General Operation

1. Reset the STOP button located on the top left hand corner of the transmitter by rotating it clockwise or counterclockwise; the button will pop up. Turn on the transmitter power by inserting the power switch key and rotating to the ON ( I ) position.

2. After turning on the transmitter power, check the Status LED on the transmitter for any sign of system irregularities (see Section 6.1 Transmitter Status Indications on page 80). If the transmitter is in good working order the Status LED will display solid green for up to 2 seconds at power on (no faults detected).
3. Rotate the power switch key further to the START position and hold it there for up to 2 seconds (Status LED solid green). When the receiver MAIN relays are activated the Status LED will change from solid green to solid orange (system on). The power switch key will retract back to the ON (I) position when released. The same START position becomes an auxiliary function thereafter (see Section 4.2.2.3 START + AUX Function on page 56). Once the MAIN relays are closed by a successful start, the system is active for operation. Press any pushbutton on the transmitter to begin operation. Pressing any pushbutton before executing the START command at system startup will result in no signals transmitted (Status LED blinks orange).

4. Press any pushbutton on the transmitter to begin operation. During transmitter inactivity (pushbuttons not pressed), the transmitter will automatically switch to standby mode, with an orange blink on the Status LED at 4-second intervals. Always turn off the transmitter power by turning the key switch to the OFF position, when not in use to save battery power.
5. In case of an emergency, press down the STOP button to disconnect the receiver MAIN relays and the transmitter power. To resume operation, rotate the STOP button clockwise or counterclockwise; the button will pop up. Then rotate the power key to the START position to reconnect the receiver MAIN relays. For safety, executing the START command is required every time the transmitter is turned on or after every STOP button reset.
NOTE: Pushing the STOP button does not turn off the transmitter power and it will continue to draw battery power. The only way to turn the transmitter off and stop battery draw is to turn the key switch to the OFF position.
6. After 5 minutes of inactivity (pushbutton not pressed) the receiver MAIN relays are temporarily disconnected (see Section 4.1.7 Transmitter Inactivity Timer Settings on page 33). Press any pushbutton or execute the START command to resume operation (see Section 4.1.9 Transmitter Start Function Settings on page 34). The receiver MAIN relays are also temporarily disconnected when the system encounters strong radio interference, dead spots, low battery condition, and system out of operating range.
7. Turn off the transmitter power by rotating the power switch key counterclockwise to the OFF ( 0 ) position; it will disconnect the transmitter power and the receiver MAIN relays altogether. Turn it further counterclockwise to release the key.

### 3.2 Transmitter

### 3.2.1 External Illustrations



1. STOP Button
2. Power Key Switch
3. Status LED Indicator
4. Pushbutton 1 (PB1)
5. Pushbutton 2 (PB2)
6. Pushbutton 3 (PB3)
7. Pushbutton 4 (PB4)
8. Pushbutton 5 (PB5)
9. Pushbutton 6 (PB6)
10. Pushbutton 7 (PB7)
11. Pushbutton 8 (PB8)
12. Pushbutton 9 (PB9)
13. Pushbutton 10 (PB10)
14. Pushbutton 11 (PB11)
15. Pushbutton 12 (PB12)
16. TAC* and Inductive Charging Slot (Future Feature)
17. Battery Cover Screw
18. System Information
19. Lanyard and Waist Belt Attachment Slot

NOTE: Flex 8EX2-AB, 8EX2-T, Flex 12EX2-AB, and 12EX2-T models have the $A / B / A+B$ rotary switch on PB8 (8E2X) or PB12 (12EX2) slot.

### 3.2.2 Internal Illustrations



* The programming port is only used for updating the transmitter firmware. It is not used with the infrared (IR) programmer. For more information, contact Magnetek field service.

NOTE: Flex 8EX2-AB and, 8EX2-TT, Flex 12EX2-AB and 12EX2-T models have the $A / B / A+B$ rotary switch on PBB PB8 (8E2X) or PB12 (12EX2) slot.

### 3.3 Receiver

### 3.3.1 4EX2 Receiver

### 3.3.1.1 External and Internal Illustrations



1. External RP-TNC Antenna Port ${ }^{\text {a }}$
2. COM LED Indicator
3. Status LED Indicator
4. Power LED Indicator
5. Output Relay LED Indicators
6. Infrared Sensors
7. Remote Pairing Button
8. System Information
9. Cord Grip
10. Mounting Bracket
11. Mounting Bracket Release
12. Decoder Board
13. RF Transceiver Board
14. INT/EXT Antenna Jumpers
15. Programming Port
16. Function Dipswitches
17. Function Jumpers
18. Channel Dipswitch
19. AC Line Filter/Relay Board
20. Power Transformer
a NOTE: The GEN1 Flex EX receiver used a TNC antenna connection, whereas the GEN2 Flex EX2 receiver uses an RP-TNC antenna connection. Make sure the antenna you are using has the correct connection to avoid damaging the antenna connection.

### 3.3.1.2 Output Relay Contact Diagram



* For 9-36VDC power supply, wire \#1 corresponds to the negative charge (-) and wire \#3 corresponds to the positive charge (+). Wire \#2 is for GROUND.
* If PB3 (or PB4) is set to A/B pushbutton select function, connect output A to K5 (or K6) and output B to K7 (or K8). See Section 4.1.12.5 on page 39 on how to set to this function.
* Due to the possibility of voltage spikes on the contactors, suppressors are recommended on contactors being driven by Flex relays.


### 3.3.2 6EX2 Receiver

### 3.3.2.1 External and Internal Illustrations



1. External RP-TNC Antenna Port ${ }^{\mathrm{a}}$
2. COM LED Indicator
3. Status LED Indicator
4. Power LED Indicator
5. Output Relay LED Indicators
6. Infrared Sensors
7. Remote Pairing Button
8. System Information
9. Cord Grip
10. Mounting Bracket
11. Mounting Bracket Release
12. Decoder Board
13. RF Transceiver Board
14. INT/EXT Antenna Jumpers
15. Programming Port
16. Function Dipswitches
17. Function Jumpers
18. Channel Dipswitch
19. AC Line Filter/Relay Board
20. Power Transformer
a NOTE: The GEN1 Flex EX receiver used a TNC antenna connection, whereas the GEN2 Flex EX2 receiver uses an RP-TNC antenna connection. Make sure the antenna you are using has the correct connection to avoid damaging the antenna port.

### 3.3.2.2 Output Relay Contact Diagram

## Flex 6EX2



* For 9-36VDC power supply, wire \#1 corresponds to the negative charge (-), wire \#3 corresponds to the positive charge (+), and wire \#2 is for GROUND.
* Due to the possibility of voltage spikes on the contactors, suppressors are recommended on contactors being driven by Flex relays.


### 3.3.3 8EX2 Receiver

### 3.3.3.1 External and Internal Illustrations



1. External TNC Antenna Port
2. COM LED Indicator
3. Status LED Indicator
4. Power LED Indicator
5. Output Relay LED Indicators
6. Infrared Sensors
7. Remote Pairing Button
8. System Information
9. Cord Grip
10. Mounting Bracket
11. Mounting Bracket Release
12. Decoder Board
13. RF Transceiver Board
14. INT/EXT Antenna Jumpers
15. Programming Port
16. Function Dipswitches
17. Function Jumpers
18. Channel Dipswitch
19. AC Line Filter/Relay Board
20. Power Transformer
21. Voltage Selector

### 3.3.3.2 Output Relay Contact Diagram



* For 9-36VDC power supply, wire \#1 corresponds to the negative charge (-), wire \#3 corresponds to the positive charge (+), and wire \#2 is for GROUND.
* If PB7 (or PB8) is set to A/B pushbutton select, connect output A to K13 relay (or K14) and output B to K15 relay (or K16). See Section 4.1.12.14 on page 49 on how to set to this function.
* Due to the possibility of voltage spikes on the contactors, suppressors are recommended on contactors being driven by Flex relays.


### 3.3.4 12EX2 Receiver

### 3.3.4.1 External and Internal Illustrations



1. External TNC Antenna Port
2. COM LED Indicator
3. Status LED Indicator
4. Power LED Indicator
5. Output Relay LED Indicators
6. Infrared Sensors
7. Remote Pairing Button
8. System Information
9. Cord Grip
10. Mounting Bracket
11. Mounting Bracket Release
12. Decoder Board
13. RF Transceiver Board
14. INT/EXT Antenna Jumpers
15. Programming Port
16. Function Dipswitches
17. Function Jumpers
18. Channel Dipswitch
19. AC Line Filter/Relay Board
20. Power Transformer
21. Voltage Selector

### 3.3.4.2 Output Relay Contact Diagram



For 9 - 36VDC power supply, wire \#1 corresponds to the negative charge (-), wire \#3 corresponds to the positive charge (+), and wire \#2 is for GROUND.

* If PB11 (or PB12) is set to $A / B$ pushbutton select, connect output A to K21 relay (or K22) and output B to K23 relay (or K24). See Section 4.1.12.15 on page 51 on how to set to this function.
* Due to the possibility of voltage spikes on the contactors, suppressors are recommended on contactors being driven by Flex relays.


### 3.3.5 4EX2-MRX and 6EX2-MRX

NOTE: MRX receiver is not available with the EX2 transmitter in the U.S., Mexico, and Canada.

### 3.3.5.1 External Illustration



1. External TNC Antenna Port
2. COM LED Indicator
3. Status LED Indicator
4. Power LED Indicator
5. Output Relay LED Indicators
6. Infrared Sensors
7. Remote Pairing Button
8. System Information
9. Cord Grip
10. Mounting Bracket (optional)
11. Mounting Bracket Release
12. RF/Decoder Board
13. Internal Antenna
14. INT/EXT Antenna Jumpers
15. Function Dipswitches
16. Channel Dipswitch
17. Programming Port
18. Power Transformer
19. Lower Relay Board
20. Upper Relay Board

### 3.3.5.2 Output Relay Contact Diagram (4EX2-MRX)

NOTE: MRX receiver paired with an EX2 transmitter is not available in the U.S., Mexico, and Canada.

## Flex 4EX2



MAIN / FUNC


PUSH BUTTON 3~4


* For 9-36VDC power supply, wire \#1 corresponds to the negative charge (-) and wire \#3 corresponds to the positive charge (+). Wire \#2 is for GROUND.
* Due to the possibility of voltage spikes on the contactors, suppressors are recommended on contactors being driven by Flex relays.


### 3.3.5.3 Output Relay Contact Diagram (6EX2-MRX)

NOTE: MRX receiver paired with an EX2 transmitter is not available in the U.S., Mexico, and Canada.

## Flex 6EX2



* For 9-36VDC power supply, wire \#1 corresponds to the negative charge (-) and wire \#3 corresponds to the positive charge (+). Wire \#2 is for GROUND.
* Due to the possibility of voltage spikes on the contactors, suppressors are recommended on contactors being driven by Flex relays.


## 4 Function Settings

### 4.1 Transmitter

### 4.1.1 Transmitter Firmware Version

1. Rotate the power switch key to the OFF ( 0 ) position.
2. With the STOP button elevated, press and hold PB1 and PB3 at the same time.
3. Rotate the power switch key to the $\mathrm{ON}(\mathrm{I})$ position.
4. Release PB1 and PB3 at the same time. The Status LED displays firmware version with red, green, and orange blinks.
5. Exit Firmware Version mode by rotating the power switch key to the OFF ( 0 ) position.


### 4.1.2 Display Frequency Band

1. Rotate the power switch key to the OFF ( 0 ) position.
2. With the STOP button elevated, press and hold PB2 and PB4 at the same time.
3. Rotate the power switch key to the $\mathrm{ON}(1)$ position.
4. Release PB2 and PB4 at the same time. The system will enter Frequency Band Display mode.
5. The Status LED displays the preset transmitter frequency band with orange, green
 and red blinks. An orange blink represents the hundreds (+100), a green blink represents the tens (+010) and a red blink represents the ones (+001). For a complete list of frequencies and their corresponding blink sequences, refer to Section 4.2.10 on page 72. See the chart below for an example of how the blink sequence works.

| Frequency Band | Hundreds (+100) | Tens (+010) | Ones (+001) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{4 3 3 ~ M H z}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ orange blinks | $\mathbf{3}$ green blinks | $\mathbf{3}$ red blinks |
| $\mathbf{8 6 3 ~ M H z}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ orange blinks | $\mathbf{6}$ green blinks | $\mathbf{3}$ red blinks |
| $\mathbf{9 2 1 ~ M H z}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ orange blinks | $\mathbf{2}$ green blinks | $\mathbf{1}$ red blink |

6. Exit Frequency Band Display mode by rotating the power switch key to the OFF ( 0 ) position.

### 4.1.3 Transmitter Channel Settings

## A. Unassigned Channel Scheme (no preset system channel) - Default Setting

When both transmitter and receiver are set to unassigned channel scheme (no preset channel), the system automatically searches and locks onto a free and uninterrupted channel at every transmitter startup.

NOTE: Pitch and catch and multi-receiver configurations MUST NOT be set to the unassigned channel scheme.

1. Rotate the power switch key to the OFF ( 0 ) position.
2. With the STOP button elevated, press and hold PB1 and PB2 at the same time.
3. Rotate the power switch key to the ON (I ) position.
4. Release PB1 and PB2 at the same time. The system will enter Channel Setting mode. The Status LED displays current channel setting with red and green blinks. A green blink represents the tens (+10) and a red blink represents the units (+1). For example, 1 green blink followed by 5 red blinks is channel 15. Channel unassigned is represented by solid orange on the Status LED. If the
 transmitter has been configured for the "unassigned channel' the Status LED will be solid orange.
5. Change transmitter channel to "channel unassigned" by pressing PB4 one time (Status LED displays solid orange).
6. Transfer "channel unassigned" setting to the receiver by rotating and holding the power switch key at the START position until the Status LED turns to solid green (transfer complete). Turn off the transmitter power if solid green is not shown on the Status LED after more than 10 seconds (transfer incomplete); the transmitter will revert back to its previous channel setting. Make sure the receiver power is turned on and the receiver is within the operating distance during the entire process. When transmitter is set to "channel unassigned" the receiver must also set to "channel unassigned" in order for the entire system to work.
7. Exit Channel Setting mode by rotating the power switch key to the OFF ( 0 ) position.
B. Assigned Channel Scheme (preset system channel)

Both transmitter and receiver are assigned with a matching preset channel (channel 01-62). When programming the radio control for dedicated channels, the scanning function should be turned on to help maintain first-come-first-served functionality (see Section 4.2.2.10 on page 58).

NOTE: Pitch and catch and multi-receiver MUST be set to the assigned channel scheme.

1. Rotate the power switch key to the OFF ( 0 ) position.
2. With the STOP button elevated, press and hold PB1 and PB2 at the same time.
3. Rotate the power switch key to the ON (I ) position.
4. Release PB1 and PB2 at the same time. The system will enter Channel Setting mode. The Status LED displays current channel setting with red and green blinks. A green blink represents the tens $(+10)$ and a red blink represents the units (+1). For example, 1 green blink followed by 5 red blinks is channel 15. Channel unassigned is represented by solid orange on the Status LED.

5. Change transmitter channel by pressing PB1 to increment the units (+1) and PB2 to increment the tens (+10). For example, press PB2 two times and then PB1 four times for channel 24 (Status LED blinks 2 greens and 4 reds). Make sure the newly selected channel appears on the Status LED before proceeding to the next step.

## Example:

| Function Name | Display Type | Location |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 5 6}$ <br> Button $\boldsymbol{\rightarrow}$ Color | 2 Orange +5 Greens +6 Reds <br> Status Display | $\mathbf{+ ( 2 0 0 )}$ | $\mathbf{+ ( 0 5 0 )}$ | $\mathbf{+ ( 0 0 6 )}$ |
| PB1 $\boldsymbol{=}$ | Red |  |  | 6 times |
| PB2 $=$ | Green |  | 5 times |  |
| PB3 $=$ | Orange | 2 times |  |  |

Transfer the newly selected channel to the receiver by rotating and holding the power switch key at the START position until the Status LED turns to solid green (transfer complete). Turn off the transmitter power if solid green is not shown on the Status LED after more than 10 seconds (transfer incomplete); the transmitter will revert back to its previous channel setting. Make sure the receiver power is turned on and the receiver is within the operating distance during the entire process. Skip step 6 if changing receiver channel is not required.
6. Exit Channel Setting mode by rotating the power switch key to the OFF ( 0 ) position.

NOTE: When selecting a new channel, make sure each button press does not exceed 3 seconds.

## Important Note:

Step 6 illustrated above is strictly required if you are intending to change the entire system channel (both transmitter and receiver). The entire system will no longer work if step 6 is skipped because the transmitter and receiver channels are now different (new vs. old). In this case you would have to redo steps 1-4 and step 6 to transfer the newly selected transmitter channel to the receiver.

### 4.1.4 Remote Pairing

## A. Transmitter-to-Transmitter Pairing:

1. Rotate the power switch key on transmitter(s) to the OFF ( 0 ) position.
2. With the STOP button elevated, press and hold PB1 and PB3 at the same time.
3. Rotate the power switch key to the $\mathrm{ON}(\mathrm{I})$ position.
4. Release PB1 and PB3 at the same time. The system will enter Remote Pairing mode. The Status LED displays firmware version with red, green and orange blinks.
5. Output data (original transmitter) by pressing and holding PB2 (Status LED off).

6. Receive data (new transmitter) by pressing and holding PB1 (Status LED blinks green).
7. When the Status LED (receiving data end) turns to solid green while both pushbuttons are still pressed down, the pairing is completed.
8. Exit Remote Pairing mode by rotating the power switch key to the OFF ( 0 ) position.


Output data - original transmitter (press and hold PB2)


Receive data - new transmitter (press and hold PB1)

NOTE: During remote pairing make sure the distance between the two transmitters is no more than 1 meter.

## B. Receiver-to-Transmitter Pairing (4/6/8/12EX2):

1. Rotate the power switch key to the OFF ( 0 ) position.
2. With the STOP button elevated, press and hold PB1 and PB3 at the same time.
3. Rotate the power switch key to the $\mathrm{ON}(\mathrm{I})$ position.
4. Release PB1 and PB3 at the same time. The Status LED will now display the firmware version with red, green, and orange blinks. The transmitter is now in Remote Pairing Mode. During remote pairing make sure the distance between the two transmitters is no more than 1 meter.
5. Press the Pairing Button on the receiver and PB3 on the transmitter until the Status LED on the Transmitter goes solid green.

NOTE: If you have done the above procedure and it does not work, cycle power on the receiver and try the above procedure again.
JP8 Open Method: After the transmitter enters the Remote Pairing mode, output receiver data by pressing and holding the PAIRING button located on the receiver cover and receive data by pressing and holding PB3 on the transmitter, both at the same time. When the transmitter Status LED turns to solid green while both pushbuttons are still pressed down, the pairing is completed.


JP8 Short Method (press Pairing button not required): After the transmitter enters the Remote Pairing mode, press and hold PB3 on the transmitter until the Status LED turns to solid green, indicating the pairing is complete. Make sure the transmitter and receiver are within 10 meters from one another and that no other active receivers are nearby during the pairing process. During pairing process, the receiver MAIN relays must be deactivated (relay open).


When JP8 is installed that means the receiver is always ready for pairing and can result in unexpected results if multiple receivers are in the area where a transmitter is attempting to pair with receivers. JP8 should be removed when not pairing.

## C. Receiver-to-Transmitter Pairing (4/6EX2 MRX):

NOTE: MRX receiver paired with an EX2 transmitter is not available in the U.S., Mexico, and Canada.
$\mathbf{S 2}$ dipswitch position 10 set to " 0 " (down): After the transmitter enters the Remote Pairing mode, output receiver data by pressing and holding the PAIRING button located on the receiver cover and receive data by pressing and holding PB3 on the transmitter, both at the same time. When the transmitter Status LED turns to solid green while both pushbuttons are still pressed down, the pairing is completed.


S2 dipswitch position 10 set to "1" (up): After the transmitter enters the Remote Pairing mode, press and hold PB3 on the transmitter until the Status LED turns to solid green, indicating the pairing is complete. Make sure the transmitter and receiver are within 10 meters from one another and that no other active receivers are nearby during the pairing process. During pairing process, the receiver MAIN relays must be deactivated (relay open).

## D. Transmitter-to-Receiver Pairing (4/6EX2 MRX only):



This function should only be used if the receiver is being replaced. The old receiver should be removed from service and discarded.

NOTE: MRX receiver paired with an EX2 transmitter is not available in the U.S., Mexico, and Canada.
$\mathbf{S 2}$ dipswitch position 10 set to " 0 " (down): After the transmitter enters the Remote Pairing mode, output transmitter data by pressing and holding PB4 on the transmitter and receive data by pressing and holding the PAIRING button on the receiver cover, both at the same time. When the transmitter Status LED turns to solid green while both pushbuttons are still pressed down, the pairing is completed.

### 4.1.5 I-Chip

A 433-439 MHz Flex EX2 transmitter will enter a legacy mode and become backwards compatible with GEN1 Flex EX receivers once an I-Chip is inserted. The serial number and channel are transferred through the I-Chip.
The dipswitch is NOT used to change the channel. If the channel needs to be changed, refer to the Channel Change via Push Buttons procedure in a GEN 1 Flex EX manual.

The first 8 positions on the EX2 transmitter dipswitch will operate the same as the function dipswitch on the GEN 1 Flex EX transmitter. Refer to the appropriate GEN 1 Flex EX CE manual for function dipswitch settings. Position 9 on the dipswitch will set the Continuous Transmitting Time ( $0=1$ minute, $1=$ time set in I-Chip). Position 10 on the dipswitch is not used.

NOTE: 863-869 MHz and 921-927 MHz (Australia only) Flex EX2 CE transmitters are not compatible with GEN1 Flex EX receivers even if an I-Chip is inserted into the transmitter.

NOTE: All settings in this manual are no longer applicable once an I-Chip is inserted into a Flex EX2 transmitter. Refer to the appropriate GEN 1 Flex EX CE manual instead.

NOTE: A Flex EX transmitter will NOT work with a Flex EX2 receiver.
I-Chip Settings:
Serial number $=$ match receiver/s
Channel = match receiver/s
Type $=00$


### 4.1.6 Transmitter Output Power Settings

1 mW offers the shortest operating range with lowest battery consumption while 10 mW offers the longest operating range with highest battery consumption. Default is 1 mW (FCC version), 2 mW (CE version). If a different output power is required please contact the factory.


|  | Dipswitch <br> Settings | Output Power |  | Dipswitch Settings | Output Power |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{0 0 0 x x x x x x x}$ | 1 mW | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 x x x x x x x}$ | 5 mW |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{0 0 1 x x x x x x x}$ | 2 mW | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 1 x x x x x x x}$ | 6 mW |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{0 1 0 x x x x x x x}$ | 3 mW | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 0 x x x x x x x}$ | 8 mW |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{0 1 1 x x x x x x x}$ | 4 mW | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 1 x x x x x x x}$ | 10 mW |

### 4.1.7 Transmitter Inactivity Timer Settings

Set how long the system waits to enter the sleep mode when the transmitter is not in use (pushbutton not pressed). When transmitter goes into sleep mode the receiver MAIN relays are deactivated. Default is 5 minutes.

NOTE: If an A/B pushbutton function is set, then the transmitter may not go idle and, therefore, will not timeout.

|  | Dipswitch <br> Settings | Time |  | Dipswitch <br> Settings | Time |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | xxx000xxxx | 1 minute | $\mathbf{5}$ | $x x x 100 x x x x$ | 10 minutes |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | $x x x 001 \times x x x$ | 20 seconds | $\mathbf{6}$ | $x x \times 101 \times x x x$ | 30 minutes |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | $x x x 010 x x x x$ | 3 minutes | $\mathbf{7}$ | $x x x 110 x x x x$ | 60 minutes |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | xxx011xxxx | 5 minutes | $\mathbf{8}$ | $x x x 111 x x x x$ | Constant On (sleep mode <br> disabled) |

### 4.1.8 Zero-G Sensor Settings

The transmitter is embedded with a Zero-G sensor to guard against any unintended control of the crane or equipment when the transmitter is thrown, dropped or experiences a Zero-G instance By default, the sensor is disabled. When the sensor is enabled and a Zero-G instance is detected, the receiver MAIN relays will be deactivated. When triggered, the receiver MAIN relays are deactivated with the exception of the horn output that can be assigned to the K25 Function output relay (for 4/6EX2) or any Function output relay: K25, K26 or K30 (for 8/12EX2) or K10 (for 4/6EX2 MRX). This horn output setting requires the infrared IR programmer unit. Please contact Magnetek field service for more details.

NOTE: MRX receiver paired with an EX2 transmitter is not available in the U.S., Mexico, and Canada.

|  | Dipswitch <br> Settings | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | xxxxxxxx0x | Sensor Disabled |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | xxxxxxxx1x | Sensor Enabled |



### 4.1.9 Transmitter Start Function Settings

When the transmitter goes into sleep mode the system is temporarily deactivated (MAIN relays opened). Execute the START command (default) or press any pushbutton to wake up the system (MAIN relays closed).

|  | Dipswitch <br> Settings | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | xxxxxxxxx0 | START <br> Reactivation |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | xxxxxxxxx1 | Any Button <br> Reactivation |



### 4.1.10 Infrared Programming

Other custom functions and settings not listed in this manual can be programmed via the infrared IR programmer unit, such as the system serial number, frequency range, relay output status feedback, new and updated functions, and many others. Please refer to the IR programmer manual or contact Magnetek field service for more details.

### 4.1.11 Output Feedback Settings

Up to 4 assignable relay outputs can be programmed into the system and feedback
 to the transmitter LED indicators during operation. These settings require using the infrared IR programmer unit. See IR programmer manual or contact Magnetek field service for more details.

### 4.1.12 Pushbutton Function Settings



Activation of the toggle and AB functions should be evaluated for compliance with safety standards. Please note some programming features may not comply with the machinery directive, if used in a safety critical function.

Only one function value can be active at a time. The following steps show the function value and the corresponding result from the transmitter's operation.

1. Rotate the power switch key to the OFF ( 0 ) position.
2. With the STOP button elevated, press and hold PB3 and PB4 at the same time.
3. Rotate the power switch key to the $\mathrm{ON}(\mathrm{I})$ position.
4. Release PB3 and PB4 at the same time. The system will enter Pushbutton Function mode.
5. The Status LED displays current pushbutton function setting with orange, green and red blinks. An orange blink represents the hundreds (+100), a green blink represents the tens (+010), a red blink represents the units ( +001 ), and solid orange represents no function (000). For example, 1 orange blink followed by $\mathbf{2}$ green blinks and $\mathbf{5}$ red blinks is pushbutton function no. 125. Pushbutton function number with " 0 " is represented by no orange, green or red blink. For example, 1 orange blink followed by $\mathbf{5}$ red blinks is pushbutton function no. 105.
6. Set pushbutton function number by pressing PB3 to increment the hundreds (+100), PB2 to increment the tens (+010), PB1 to increment the units ( +001 ), and PB4 to reset ( $000-$ solid orange). For example, press PB3 one time, PB2 four times, and PB1 six times for pushbutton function no. 146 (Status LED blinks 1 orange, 4 greens and 6 reds).
7. Exit Pushbutton Function mode by rotating the power switch key to the OFF ( 0 ) position.


## Standard Right/Left Configuration

Inline Top/Bottom Configuration

### 4.1.12.1 Toggled Pushbutton with LED Indication - Standard Right/Left Pushbutton Configuration - 4EX2 and 4EX2-MRX

NOTE: MRX receiver paired with an EX2 transmitter is not available in the U.S., Mexico, and Canada.
Set pushbutton toggled function (latching output relay) with LED indications. LED 1-4 shown inside the shaded box illustrates which LED on the transmitter lights up when the designated pushbutton is pressed.


| Function <br> Number | Display Type | PB1 | PB2 | PB3 | PB4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 Red | Normal | Normal | Normal | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2 Reds | Normal | Normal | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 Reds | Normal | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4 Reds | LED 1 | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |

[^0]* Normal $\rightarrow$ Normal momentary contact.
* LED 1 -LED $4 \rightarrow$ Pushbutton toggled function with designated LED indication.


### 4.1.12.2 Toggled Pushbutton with LED Indication - Standard Right/Left Pushbutton Configuration - 6EX2 and 6EX2-MRX

NOTE: MRX receiver paired with an EX2 transmitter is not available in the U.S., Mexico, and Canada.
Set pushbutton toggled function (latching output relay) with LED indications. LED 1-4 shown inside the shaded box illustrates which LED on the transmitter lights up when the designated pushbutton is pressed.


| Function <br> Number | Display Type | PB1 | PB2 | PB3 | PB4 | PB5 | PB6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 Red | Normal | Normal | Normal | LED 4 | Normal | Normal |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2 Reds | Normal | Normal | LED 3 | LED 4 | Normal | Normal |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 Reds | Normal | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 | Normal | Normal |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4 Reds | LED 1 | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 | Normal | Normal |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | LED 2 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 8 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | LED 1 | LED 2 |

* PB1...PB6 $\rightarrow$ Pushbutton number.
* Normal $\rightarrow$ Normal momentary contact.
* LED 1 - LED $4 \rightarrow$ Pushbutton toggled function with designated LED indication.


### 4.1.12.3 Toggled Pushbutton with LED Indication - Standard Right/Left Pushbutton Configuration - 8EX2

Set pushbutton toggled function (latching output relay) with LED indications. LED 1-4 shown inside the shaded box illustrates which LED on the transmitter lights up when the designated pushbutton is pressed.


| Function <br> Number | Display Type | PB1 | PB2 | PB3 | PB4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 Red | Normal | Normal | Normal | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2 Reds | Normal | Normal | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 Reds | Normal | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4 Reds | LED 1 | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |


| Function <br> Number | Display Type | PB5 | PB6 | PB7 | PB8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 6 Reds | Normal | Normal | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 7 Reds | Normal | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 8 Reds | LED 1 | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |

* PB1...PB8 $\rightarrow$ Pushbutton number.
* Normal $\rightarrow$ Normal momentary contact.
* LED 1 -LED $4 \rightarrow$ Pushbutton toggled function with designated LED indication.


### 4.1.12.4 Toggled Pushbutton with LED Indication - Standard Right/Left Pushbutton Configuration - 12EX2

Set pushbutton toggled function (latching output relay) with LED indications. LED 1-4 shown inside the shaded box illustrate which LED on the transmitter lights up when the designated pushbutton is pressed.


| Function <br> Number | Display Type | PB1 | PB2 | PB3 | PB4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 Red | Normal | Normal | Normal | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2 Reds | Normal | Normal | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 Reds | Normal | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4 Reds | LED 1 | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |


| Function <br> Number | Display Type | PB5 | PB6 | PB7 | PB8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 6 Reds | Normal | Normal | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 7 Reds | Normal | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 8 Reds | LED 1 | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |


| Function <br> Number | Display Type | PB9 | PB10 | PB11 | PB12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | 1 Green + 3 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | LED 4 |
| 14 | 1 Green + 4 Reds | Normal | Normal | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| 15 | 1 Green + 5 Reds | Normal | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| 16 | 1 Green + 6 Reds | LED 1 | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |

* PB1...PB12 $\rightarrow$ Pushbutton number.
* Normal $\rightarrow$ Normal momentary contact.
* LED 1 - LED $4 \rightarrow$ Pushbutton toggled function with designated LED indication.


### 4.1.12.5 A/B Pushbutton Select with LED Indication - Standard Right/Left Pushbutton Configuration - 4EX2

There are 5 different types of $A / B$ selector sequence available. Choose one that is most suitable for your application. See Section 3.3.1.2 on page 17 for output relay contact diagrams.

Type-A selector sequence: $A \rightarrow B$
Type-B selector sequence: Off $\rightarrow A$
Type-C selector sequence: $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow A+B$
Type-D selector sequence: Off $\rightarrow A \rightarrow B \rightarrow A+B$


Type-E selector sequence: $A+B \rightarrow A \rightarrow B$

| Function Number | Display Type | PB1 | PB2 | PB3 | PB4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 29 | 2 Greens + 9 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | Normal |
| 30 | 3 Greens | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | Normal |
| 31 | 3 Greens + 1 Red | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 | Normal |
| 32 | 3 Greens + 2 Reds | Normal | Normal | D/1\&2 | Normal |
| 33 | 3 Greens + 3 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | A/3\&4 |
| 34 | 3 Greens + 4 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | B/3\&4 |
| 35 | 3 Greens + 5 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | C/3\&4 |
| 36 | 3 Greens + 6 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | D/3\&4 |
| 37 | 3 Greens + 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | A/3\&4 |
| 38 | 3 Greens + 8 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | B/3\&4 |
| 39 | 3 Greens + 9 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| 40 | 4 Greens | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 41 | 4 Greens + 1 Red | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | B/3\&4 |
| 42 | 4 Greens + 2 Reds | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| 43 | 4 Greens + 3 Reds | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 44 | 4 Greens + 4 Reds | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| 45 | 4 Greens + 5 Reds | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 46 | 4 Greens + 6 Reds | Normal | Normal | D/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 256 | 2 Orange + 5 Greens + 6 Reds | Normal | Normal | $\mathrm{E} / 1$ \&2 | Normal |
| 257 | 2 Orange + 5 Greens + 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | E/3\&4 |
| 258 | 2 Orange + 5 Greens + 8 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | E/3\&4 |
| 259 | 2 Orange + 5 Greens + 9 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | B/3\&4 |


| Function <br> Number | Display Type | PB1 | PB2 | PB3 | PB4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 6 0}$ | 2 Orange + 6 Greens | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| $\mathbf{2 6 1}$ | 2 Orange +6 Greens + 1 Red | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |

* PB1...PB4 $\rightarrow$ Pushbutton number.
* Normal $\rightarrow$ Normal momentary contact.
* A/1\&2 - E/3\&4 $\rightarrow$ A/B pushbutton select function with designated LED indication.


### 4.1.12.6 A/B Pushbutton Select with LED Indication - Standard Right/Left Pushbutton Configuration - 6EX2

There are 5 different types of $A / B$ selector sequence available. Choose one that is most suitable for your application. See Section 3.3.2.2 on page 19 for output relay contact diagrams.
Type-A selector sequence: $\mathrm{A} \rightarrow \mathrm{B}$
Type-B selector sequence: Off $\rightarrow A$
Type-C selector sequence: $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow A+B$


Type-D selector sequence: $\mathrm{Off} \rightarrow A \rightarrow B \rightarrow A+B$
Type-E selector sequence: $A+B \rightarrow A \rightarrow B$

| Function Number | Display Type | PB1 | PB2 | PB3 | PB4 | PB5 | PB6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 101 | 1 Orange + 1 Red | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | Normal |
| 102 | 1 Orange + 2 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | Normal |
| 103 | 1 Orange + 3 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 | Normal |
| 104 | 1 Orange + 4 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | D/1\&2 | Normal |
| 115 | 1 Orange + 1 Green + 5 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 |
| 116 | 1 Orange + 1 Green + 6 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 |
| 117 | 1 Orange + 1 Green + 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 |
| 118 | 1 Orange + 1 Green + 8 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | D/1\&2 |
| 285 | 2 Orange +8 Green + 5 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 |

[^1]
### 4.1.12.7 A/B Pushbutton Select with LED Indication - Standard Right/Left Pushbutton Configuration - 8EX2

There are 5 different types of $A / B$ selector sequence available. Choose one that is most suitable for your application. See Section 3.3.3.2 on page 21 for output relay contact diagrams.

Type-A selector sequence: $A \rightarrow B$
Type-B selector sequence: Off $\rightarrow A \rightarrow B$
Type-C selector sequence: $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow A+B$
Type-D selector sequence: Off $\rightarrow A \rightarrow B \rightarrow A+B$


Type-E selector sequence: $A+B \rightarrow A \rightarrow B$

| Function Number | Display Type | PB5 | PB6 | PB7 | PB8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 47 | 4 Greens + 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | Normal |
| 48 | 4 Greens + 8 Reds | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | Normal |
| 49 | 4 Greens + 9 Reds | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 | Normal |
| 50 | 5 Greens | Normal | Normal | D/1\&2 | Normal |
| 51 | 5 Greens + 1 Red | Normal | Normal | Normal | A/3\&4 |
| 52 | 5 Greens + 2 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | B/3\&4 |
| 53 | 5 Greens + 3 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | C/3\&4 |
| 54 | 5 Greens + 4 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | D/3\&4 |
| 55 | 5 Greens + 5 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | A/3\&4 |
| 56 | 5 Greens + 6 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | B/3\&4 |
| 57 | 5 Greens + 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| 58 | 5 Greens + 8 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 59 | 5 Greens + 9 Reds | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | B/3\&4 |
| 60 | 6 Greens | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| 61 | 6 Greens + 1 Red | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 62 | 6 Greens + 2 Reds | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| 63 | 6 Greens + 3 Reds | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 64 | 6 Greens + 4 Reds | Normal | Normal | D/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 262 | 2 Orange +6 Greens + 2 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | Normal |
| 263 | 2 Orange +6 Greens + 3 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | E/3\&4 |
| 264 | 2 Orange + 6 Greens + 4 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | E/3\&4 |
| 265 | 2 Orange + 6 Greens + 5 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | B/3\&4 |


| Function <br> Number | Display Type | PB5 | PB6 | PB7 | PB8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 6 6}$ | 2 Orange + 6 Greens + 6 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| $\mathbf{2 6 7}$ | 2 Orange +6 Greens + 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |

* PB5...PB8 $\rightarrow$ Pushbutton number.
* Normal $\rightarrow$ Normal momentary contact.
* A/1\&2 - E/3\&4 $\rightarrow$ A/B pushbutton select function with designated LED indication.


### 4.1.12.8 A/B Pushbutton Select with LED Indication - Standard Right/Left Pushbutton Configuration - 12EX2

There are 5 different types of $A / B$ selector sequence available. Choose one that is most suitable for your application. See Section 3.3.4.2 on page 23 for output relay contact diagrams.

Type-A selector sequence: $A \rightarrow B$
Type-B selector sequence: Off $\rightarrow A \rightarrow B$
Type-C selector sequence: $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow A+B$
Type-D selector sequence: $\mathrm{Off} \rightarrow A \rightarrow B \rightarrow A+B$


Type-E selector sequence: $A+B \rightarrow A \rightarrow B$

| Function Number | Display Type | PB9 | PB10 | PB11 | PB12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 65 | 6 Greens + 5 Reds | A/1\&2 | Normal | Normal | Normal |
| 66 | 6 Greens + 6 Reds | B/1\&2 | Normal | Normal | Normal |
| 67 | 6 Greens + 7 Reds | C/1\&2 | Normal | Normal | Normal |
| 68 | 6 Greens + 8 Reds | D/1\&2 | Normal | Normal | Normal |
| 69 | 6 Greens + 9 Reds | Normal | A/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 70 | 7 Greens | Normal | B/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 71 | 7 Greens + 1 Red | Normal | C/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 72 | 7 Greens + 2 Reds | Normal | D/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 73 | 7 Greens + 3 Reds | A/1\&2 | A/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 74 | 7 Greens + 4 Reds | A/1\&2 | B/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 75 | 7 Greens + 5 Reds | A/1\&2 | C/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 76 | 7 Greens + 6 Reds | A/1\&2 | D/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 77 | 7 Greens + 7 Reds | B/1\&2 | B/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 78 | 7 Greens + 8 Reds | B/1\&2 | C/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 79 | 7 Greens + 9 Reds | B/1\&2 | D/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 80 | 8 Greens | C/1\&2 | C/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |


| Function Number | Display Type | PB9 | PB10 | PB11 | PB12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 81 | 8 Greens + 1 Red | C/1\&2 | D/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 82 | 8 Greens + 2 Reds | D/1\&2 | D/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 83 | 8 Greens + 3 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | Normal |
| 84 | 8 Greens + 4 Reds | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | Normal |
| 85 | 8 Greens + 5 Reds | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 | Normal |
| 86 | 8 Greens + 6 Reds | Normal | Normal | D/1\&2 | Normal |
| 87 | 8 Greens + 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | A/3\&4 |
| 88 | 8 Greens + 8 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | B/3\&4 |
| 89 | 8 Greens + 9 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | C/3\&4 |
| 90 | 9 Greens | Normal | Normal | Normal | D/3\&4 |
| 91 | 9 Greens + 1 Red | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | A/3\&4 |
| 92 | 9 Greens + 2 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | B/3\&4 |
| 93 | 9 Greens + 3 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| 94 | 9 Greens + 4 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 95 | 9 Greens + 5 Reds | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | B/3\&4 |
| 96 | 9 Greens + 6 Reds | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| 97 | 9 Greens + 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 98 | 9 Greens + 8 Reds | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| 99 | 9 Greens + 9 Reds | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 100 | 1 Orange | Normal | Normal | D/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 268 | 2 Orange +6 Greens +8 Reds | E/1\&2 | Normal | Normal | Normal |
| 269 | 2 Orange+ 6 Greens + 9 Reds | Normal | E/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 270 | 2 Orange+ 7 Greens | E/1\&2 | E/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 271 | 2 Orange+ 7 Greens + 1 Red | E/1\&2 | B/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 272 | 2 Orange +7 Greens + 2 Reds | E/1\&2 | C/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 273 | 2 Orange+ 7 Greens + 3 Reds | E/1\&2 | D/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 274 | 2 Orange+ 7 Greens + 4 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | Normal |
| 275 | 2 Orange+ 7 Greens + 5 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | E/3\&4 |
| 276 | 2 Orange+ 7 Greens + 6 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | E/3\&4 |
| 277 | 2 Orange+ 7 Greens + 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | B/3\&4 |


| Function <br> Number | Display Type | PB9 | PB10 | PB11 | PB12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 7 8}$ | 2 Orange+7 Greens + 8 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| $\mathbf{2 7 9}$ | 2 Orange+ 7 Greens + 9 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |

* PB9...PB12 $\rightarrow$ Pushbutton number.
* Normal $\rightarrow$ Normal momentary contact.
* $A / 1 \& 2-E / 3 \& 4 \rightarrow A / B$ pushbutton select function with designated LED indication.


### 4.1.12.9 Toggled Pushbutton with LED Indication - Inline Top/Bottom Pushbutton Configuration - 4EX2

Set pushbutton toggled function (latching output relay) with LED indications. LED 1-4 shown inside the shaded box illustrates which LED on the transmitter lights up when the designated pushbutton is pressed. See Section 4.2.4 on page 66.


| Function <br> Number | Display Type | PB1 | PB2 | PB3 | PB4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 Red | Normal | Normal | Normal | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{1 7}$ | 1 Green + 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{1 8}$ | 1 Green + 8 Reds | Normal | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{1 9}$ | 1 Green + 9 Reds | LED 1 | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |

* PB1 ...PB4 $\rightarrow$ Pushbutton number.
* Normal $\rightarrow$ Normal momentary contact.
* LED 1 - LED $4 \rightarrow A / B$ pushbutton select function with designated LED indication.


### 4.1.12.10 Toggled Pushbutton with LED Indication - Inline Top/Bottom Pushbutton Configuration - 6EX2

Set pushbutton toggled function (latching output relay) with LED indications. LED 1-4 shown inside the shaded box illustrates which LED on the transmitter lights up when the designated pushbutton is pressed. See Section 4.2.4 on page 66.


| Function <br> Number | Display Type | PB1 | PB2 | PB3 | PB4 | PB5 | PB6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 Red | Normal | Normal | Normal | LED 4 | Normal | Normal |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2 Reds | Normal | Normal | LED 3 | LED 4 | Normal | Normal |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 Reds | Normal | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 | Normal | Normal |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4 Reds | LED 1 | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 | Normal | Normal |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | LED 2 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 8 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | Normal | LED 1 | LED 2 |

[^2]
### 4.1.12.11 Toggled Pushbutton with LED Indication - Inline Top/Bottom Pushbutton Configuration - 8EX2

Set pushbutton toggled function (latching output relay) with LED indications. LED 1-4 shown inside the shaded box illustrates which LED on the transmitter lights up when the designated pushbutton is pressed. See Section 4.2.4 on page 66 for jumper settings.


| Function <br> Number | Display Type | PB1 | PB2 | PB3 | PB4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 Red | Normal | Normal | Normal | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{1 7}$ | 1 Green + 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{1 8}$ | 1 Green + 8 Reds | Normal | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{1 9}$ | 1 Green + 9 Reds | LED 1 | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |


| Function <br> Number | Display Type | PB5 | PB6 | PB7 | PB8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ | 2 Greens | Normal | Normal | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{2 1}$ | 2 Greens + 1 Red | Normal | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{2 2}$ | 2 Greens + 2 Reds | LED 1 | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |

* PB1...PB8 $\rightarrow$ Pushbutton number.
* Normal $\rightarrow$ Normal momentary contact.
* LED 1 - LED $4 \rightarrow$ Pushbutton toggled function with designated LED indication.


### 4.1.12.12 Toggled Pushbutton with LED Indication - Inline Top/Bottom Pushbutton Configuration - 12EX2

Set pushbutton toggled function (latching output relay) with LED indications. LED 1-4 shown inside the shaded box illustrate which LED on the transmitter lights up when the designated pushbutton is pressed. See Section 4.2.4 on page 66 for jumper settings.


| Function <br> Number | Display Type | PB1 | PB2 | PB3 | PB4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 Red | Normal | Normal | Normal | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{1 7}$ | 1 Green + 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{1 8}$ | 1 Green + 8 Reds | Normal | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{1 9}$ | 1 Green + 9 Reds | LED 1 | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |


| Function <br> Number | Display Type | PB5 | PB6 | PB7 | PB8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ | 2 Greens | Normal | Normal | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{2 1}$ | 2 Greens + 1 Red | Normal | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{2 2}$ | 2 Greens + 2 Reds | LED 1 | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |


| Function <br> Number | Display Type | PB9 | PB10 | PB11 | PB12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ | 1 Green + 3 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{2 6}$ | 2 Greens + 6 Reds | Normal | Normal | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{2 7}$ | 2 Greens + 7 Reds | Normal | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |
| $\mathbf{2 8}$ | 2 Greens + 8 Reds | LED 1 | LED 2 | LED 3 | LED 4 |

* PB1...PB12 $\rightarrow$ Pushbutton number.
* Normal $\rightarrow$ Normal momentary contact.
* LED 1 - LED $4 \rightarrow$ Pushbutton toggled function with designated LED indication.


### 4.1.12.13 A/B Pushbutton Select with LED Indication - Inline Top/Bottom Pushbutton Configuration - 4EX2

There are 5 different types of $A / B$ selector sequence available. Choose one that is most suitable for your application. See Section 3.3.1.2 on page 17 for output relay contact diagrams.

Type-A selector sequence: $A \rightarrow B$
Type-B selector sequence: Off $\rightarrow A$
Type-C selector sequence: $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow A+B$
Type-D selector sequence: Off $\rightarrow A \rightarrow B \rightarrow A+B$


Type-E selector sequence: $A+B \rightarrow A \rightarrow B$

| Function Number | Display Type | PB1 | PB2 | PB3 | PB4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 101 | 1 Orange + 1 Red | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | Normal |
| 102 | 1 Orange + 2 Reds | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | Normal |
| 103 | 1 Orange + 3 Reds | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 | Normal |
| 104 | 1 Orange + 4 Reds | Normal | Normal | D/1\&2 | Normal |
| 33 | 3 Greens + 3 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | A/3\&4 |
| 34 | 3 Greens + 4 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | B/3\&4 |
| 35 | 3 Greens + 5 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | C/3\&4 |
| 36 | 3 Greens + 6 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | D/3\&4 |
| 105 | 1 Orange + 5 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | A/3\&4 |
| 106 | 1 Orange + 6 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | B/3\&4 |
| 107 | 1 Orange + 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| 108 | 1 Orange + 8 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 109 | 1 Orange + 9 Reds | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | B/3\&4 |
| 110 | 1 Orange + 1 Green | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| 111 | 1 Orange + 1 Green + 1 Red | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 112 | 1 Orange + 1 Green + 2 Reds | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| 113 | 1 Orange + 1 Green + 3 Reds | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 114 | 1 Orange + 1 Green + 4 Reds | Normal | Normal | D/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 280 | 2 Orange + 8 Greens | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | Normal |
| 257 | 2 Orange + 5 Greens + 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | E/3\&4 |
| 281 | 2 Orange +8 Greens + 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | E/3\&4 |
| 282 | 2 Orange + 8 Greens + 2 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | B/3\&4 |


| Function <br> Number | Display Type | PB1 | PB2 | PB3 | PB4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 8 3}$ | 2 Orange + 8 Greens + 3 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| $\mathbf{2 8 4}$ | 2 Orange + 8 Greens + 4 Red | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |

* PB1...PB4 $\rightarrow$ Pushbutton number.
* Normal $\rightarrow$ Normal momentary contact.
* A/1\&2 - E/3\&4 $\rightarrow$ A/B pushbutton select function with designated LED indication.


### 4.1.12.14 A/B Pushbutton Select with LED Indication - Inline Top/Bottom Pushbutton Configuration - 8EX2

There are 5 different types of $A / B$ selector sequence available. Choose one that is most suitable for your application. See Section 4.2.4 on page 66 for jumper settings and Section 3.3.3.2 on page 21 for output relay contact diagrams.
Type-A selector sequence: $A \rightarrow B$
Type-B selector sequence: Off $\rightarrow A \rightarrow B$
Type-C selector sequence: $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow A+B$
Type-D selector sequence: Off $\rightarrow A \rightarrow B \rightarrow A+B$


Type-E selector sequence: $A+B \rightarrow A \rightarrow B$

| Function Number | Display Type | PB5 | PB6 | PB7 | PB8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 115 | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Orange }+1 \text { Green } \\ +5 \text { Reds } \end{gathered}$ | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | Normal |
| 116 | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Orange }+1 \text { Green } \\ +6 \text { Reds } \end{gathered}$ | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | Normal |
| 117 | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Orange }+1 \text { Green } \\ +7 \text { Reds } \end{gathered}$ | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 | Normal |
| 118 | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Orange }+1 \text { Green } \\ +8 \text { Reds } \end{gathered}$ | Normal | Normal | D/1\&2 | Normal |
| 51 | 5 Greens + 1 Red | Normal | Normal | Normal | A/3\&4 |
| 52 | 5 Greens + 2 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | B/3\&4 |
| 53 | 5 Greens + 3 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | C/3\&4 |
| 54 | 5 Greens + 4 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | D/3\&4 |
| 119 | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Orange }+1 \text { Green } \\ +9 \text { Reds } \end{gathered}$ | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | A/3\&4 |
| 120 | 1 Orange + 2 Greens | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | B/3\&4 |
| 121 | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Orange + } 2 \text { Greens } \\ \quad+1 \text { Red } \end{gathered}$ | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |


| Function Number | Display Type | PB5 | PB6 | PB7 | PB8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 122 | 1 Orange + 2 Greens +2 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 123 | 1 Orange + 2 Greens +3 Reds | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | B/3\&4 |
| 124 | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Orange }+2 \text { Greens } \\ +4 \text { Reds } \end{gathered}$ | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| 125 | 1 Orange + 2 Greens +5 Reds | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 126 | 1 Orange + 2 Greens +6 Reds | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| 127 | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { Orange }+2 \text { Greens } \\ \quad+7 \text { Reds } \end{gathered}$ | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 128 | 1 Orange +2 Greens +8 Reds | Normal | Normal | D/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 285 | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { Orange }+8 \text { Greens }+5 \\ \text { Reds } \end{gathered}$ | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | Normal |
| 263 | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { Orange }+6 \text { Greens + } 3 \\ \text { Reds } \end{gathered}$ | Normal | Normal | Normal | E/3\&4 |
| 286 | 2 Orange +8 Greens +6 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | E/3\&4 |
| 287 | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { Orange }+8 \text { Greens + } 7 \\ \text { Reds } \end{gathered}$ | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | B/3\&4 |
| 288 | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { Orange }+8 \text { Greens + } 8 \\ \text { Reds } \end{gathered}$ | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| 289 | $\begin{gathered} 2 \text { Orange }+8 \text { Greens }+9 \\ \text { Reds } \end{gathered}$ | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |

* PB5...PB8 $\rightarrow$ Pushbutton number.
* Normal $\rightarrow$ Normal momentary contact.
* $A / 1 \& 2-E / 3 \& 4 \rightarrow A / B$ pushbutton select function with designated LED indication.


### 4.1.12.15 A/B Pushbutton Select with LED Indication - Inline Top/Bottom Pushbutton Configuration - 12EX2

There are 5 different types of A/B selector sequence available. Choose one that is most suitable for your application. See Section 4.2.4 on page 66 for jumper settings and Section 3.3.4.2 on page $\mathbf{2 3}$ for output relay contact diagrams.
Type-A selector sequence: $A \rightarrow B$
Type-B selector sequence: Off $\rightarrow A \rightarrow B$
Type-C selector sequence: $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow A+B$
Type-D selector sequence: Off $\rightarrow A \rightarrow B \rightarrow A+B$


Type-E selector sequence: $A+B \rightarrow A \rightarrow B$

| Function Number | Display Type | PB9 | PB10 | PB11 | PB12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 115 | 1 Orange + 1 Green + 5 Reds | A/1\&2 | Normal | Normal | Normal |
| 116 | 1 Orange + 1 Green + 6 Reds | B/1\&2 | Normal | Normal | Normal |
| 117 | 1 Orange + 1 Green + 7 Reds | C/1\&2 | Normal | Normal | Normal |
| 118 | 1 Orange + 1 Green + 8 Reds | D/1\&2 | Normal | Normal | Normal |
| 51 | 5 Greens + 1 Red | Normal | A/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 52 | 5 Greens + 2 Reds | Normal | B/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 53 | 5 Greens + 3 Reds | Normal | C/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 54 | 5 Greens + 4 Reds | Normal | D/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 119 | 1 Orange + 1 Green + 9 Reds | A/1\&2 | A/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 120 | 1 Orange + 2 Greens | A/1\&2 | B/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 121 | 1 Orange + 2 Greens + 1 Red | A/1\&2 | C/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 122 | 1 Orange + 2 Greens + 2 Reds | A/1\&2 | D/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 123 | 1 Orange + 2 Greens + 3 Reds | B/1\&2 | B/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 124 | 1 Orange + 2 Greens + 4 Reds | B/1\&2 | C/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 125 | 1 Orange + 2 Greens + 5 Reds | B/1\&2 | D/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 126 | 1 Orange + 2 Greens + 6 Reds | C/1\&2 | C/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 127 | 1 Orange + 2 Greens + 7 Reds | C/1\&2 | D/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 128 | 1 Orange + 2 Greens + 8 Reds | D/1\&2 | D/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 143 | 1 Orange + 4 Greens + 3 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | Normal |
| 144 | 1 Orange + 4 Greens + 4 Reds | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | Normal |
| 145 | 1 Orange + 4 Greens + 5 Reds | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 | Normal |
| 146 | 1 Orange + 4 Greens + 6 Reds | Normal | Normal | D/1\&2 | Normal |
| 87 | 8 Greens + 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | A/3\&4 |
| 88 | 8 Greens + 8 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | B/3\&4 |


| Function Number | Display Type | PB9 | PB10 | PB11 | PB12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 89 | 8 Greens + 9 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | C/3\&4 |
| 90 | 9 Greens | Normal | Normal | Normal | D/3\&4 |
| 147 | 1 Orange + 4 Greens + 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | A/3\&4 |
| 148 | 1 Orange + 4 Greens + 8 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | B/3\&4 |
| 149 | 1 Orange + 4 Greens + 9 Reds | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| 150 | 1 Orange + 5 Greens | Normal | Normal | A/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 151 | 1 Orange + 5 Greens + 1 Red | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | B/3\&4 |
| 152 | 1 Orange + 5 Greens + 2 Reds | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| 153 | 1 Orange + 5 Greens + 3 Reds | Normal | Normal | B/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 154 | 1 Orange + 5 Greens + 4 Reds | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| 155 | 1 Orange + 5 Greens + 5 Reds | Normal | Normal | C/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 156 | 1 Orange + 5 Greens + 6 Reds | Normal | Normal | D/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |
| 285 | 2 Orange + 8 Greens + 5 Reds | E/1\&2 | Normal | Normal | Normal |
| 263 | 2 Orange + 6 Greens + 3 Reds | Normal | E/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 286 | 2 Orange +8 Greens + 6 Reds | E/1\&2 | E/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 287 | 2 Orange +8 Greens + 7 Reds | E/1\&2 | B/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 288 | 2 Orange +8 Greens + 8 Reds | E/1\&2 | C/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 289 | 2 Orange + 8 Greens + 9 Reds | E/1\&2 | D/3\&4 | Normal | Normal |
| 290 | 2 Orange + 9 Greens | Normal | E/1\&2 | Normal | Normal |
| 269 | 2 Orange + 6 Greens + 9 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/3\&4 | Normal |
| 291 | 2 Orange + 9 Greens + 1 Red | Normal | E/1\&2 | E/3\&4 | Normal |
| 292 | 2 Orange + 9 Greens + 2 Reds | Normal | E/1\&2 | B/3\&4 | Normal |
| 293 | 2 Orange + 9 Greens + 3 Reds | Normal | E/1\&2 | C/3\&4 | Normal |
| 294 | 2 Orange + 9 Greens + 4 Reds | Normal | E/1\&2 | D/3\&4 | Normal |
| 295 | 2 Orange + 9 Greens + 5 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | Normal |
| 275 | 2 Orange +7 Greens + 5 Reds | Normal | Normal | Normal | E/3\&4 |
| 296 | 2 Orange + 9 Greens + 6 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | E/3\&4 |
| 297 | 2 Orange + 9 Greens + 7 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | B/3\&4 |
| 298 | 2 Orange + 9 Greens + 8 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | C/3\&4 |
| 299 | 2 Orange + 9 Greens + 9 Reds | Normal | Normal | E/1\&2 | D/3\&4 |

* PB9...PB12 $\rightarrow$ Pushbutton number.
* Normal $\rightarrow$ Normal momentary contact.
* A/1\&2 - D/3\&4 $\rightarrow$ A/B pushbutton select function with designated LED indication.


### 4.2 Receiver

### 4.2.1 Receiver Channel Settings

For the 4/6/8/12EX2, set the receiver channel by configuring the channel dipswitch located on the decoder board, which is mounted to the inside of the front half of the enclosure. For the 4EX2-MRX and 6EX2-
MRX, set the receiver channel by configuring the S3 channel dipswitch located on the RF/decoder board. Only the first 6 dip positions are used for channel programming. The system channels table in Section 4.2.10 on page 72 illustrates which dipswitch setting corresponds to which channel. Once the receiver channel is altered, make sure to change the transmitter channel as well. The channel on both transmitter and receiver must be identical in order for the system to work (see Section 4.1.3 on page 27, part B). When set to all zeros (000000), the receiver becomes unassigned channel scheme (see Section 4.1.3 on page 27, part A).

NOTE: MRX receiver with the EX2 transmitter is not available in the U.S., Mexico. and Canada.

## 4/6/8/12EX2 Decoder Board:



Example:


The above dipswitch setting "100100" corresponds to "channel 36 " in the system channels table in Section 4.2.10 on page 72.
4EX2-MRX and 6EX2-MRX RF/Decoder Board:


### 4.2.2 Output Relay Configurations

### 4.2.2.1 Output Relay Types

1. 2 output relays per motion - single speed only

Output relays with Forward (F) and Reverse (R) 1st speed only.

2. 3 output relays per motion - shared 2nd speed output relay

Output relays with Forward 1st speed (F1), Reverse 1st speed (R1) and Forward/Reverse 2nd speed (F/R2). Forward and Reverse 2nd speed (F/R2) share the same output relay.

3. 4 output relays per motion - separate 1 st and 2 nd speed output relays (4/6/8/12EX2 only)
Output relays with Forward 1st speed (F1), Reverse 1st speed (R1), Forward 2nd speed (F2) and Reverse 2nd speed (R2). Forward and Reverse 2nd speed are separate output relays.


### 4.2.2.2 Output Relay Actions at 2nd Speed

1. 3 output relays configuration with Closed/Closed contact at 2 nd speed F1 (or R1) output relay closed at 1st speed and F1 + F/R2 (or R1 + F/R2) output relays closed at 2nd speed. See Section 4.2.3.1 on page 59 and Section 4.2.3.2 on page 61 on how to set to this function.

2. 4 output relays configuration with Opened/Closed contact at 2 nd speed (4/6/8/12EX2 only)
F1 (or R1) output relay closed at 1st speed and F2 (or R2) output relay closed at 2nd speed. See Section 4.2.3.1 on page 59 on how to set to this function.

3. 4 output relays configuration with Closed/Closed contact at 2nd speed (4/6/8/12EX2 only)
F1 (or R1) output relay closed at 1st speed and F1 + F2 (or R1 + R2) output relays closed at 2nd speed. See Section 4.2.3.1 on page 59 on how to set to this function.


Forward $2^{\text {nd }}$ speed pushbutton pressed

4. 4 output relays configuration with Slow and Fast output relays (Type A) (4/6/8/12EX2 only) Fwd (or Rev) + Slow output relays closed at 1st speed and Fwd (or Rev) + Fast output relays closed at 2nd speed. See Section 4.2.3.1 on page 59 on how to set to this function.

5. 4 output relays configuration with Slow and Fast output relays (Type B) (4/6/8/12EX2 only)
Fwd + Slow (or Rev + Slow) output relays closed at 1st speed and Fwd + Slow + Fast (or Rev + Slow + Fast) output relays closed at 2nd speed. See Section 4.2.3.1 on page 59 on how to set to this function.


### 4.2.2.3 START + AUX Function

After executing the START command at transmitter startup the same START position becomes an auxiliary function with momentary contact connected through the K25 Function output relay (manufacturer preset). There are other types of auxiliary functions made available for the K25 Function output relays (see Section 4.2.9 on page 71). Contact Magnetek field service if your application requires other types of auxiliary functions.


### 4.2.2.4 ON/OFF Pushbutton Function

The user can set any of the two adjacent pushbuttons on the transmitter to behave like a mechanical ON and OFF rocker or toggle switch. The ON output relay closes when the ON pushbutton is pressed (the OFF output relay opens) and the OFF output relay closes when the OFF pushbutton is pressed (the ON output relay opens). See Section 4.2.3.1 on page 59 and Section 4.2.3.2 on page 61 on how to set to this function.


### 4.2.2.5 Brake Function

When the transmitter pushbutton is released from 2nd speed up to 1 st speed, both 1 st and 2 nd speed output relays will open for up to 1 second and then with 1 st speed output relay closed thereafter. See Section 4.2.3.1 on page 59 and Section 4.2.3.2 on page 61 on how to set to this function.

### 4.2.2.6 External Warning Function

The user can install an external warning device (rotating lights, horn, etc.) to the Function output relay on the receiver. The user can choose which pushbutton pair (or pairs) triggers the external warning device when pressed. See Section 4.2.3.1 on page 59 and Section 4.2.3.2 on page 61 on how to set to this function.

### 4.2.2.7 Momentary Contact

When the pushbutton is released the corresponding output relay will open or deactivate. This type of relay action usually applies to external applications such as the horn and buzzer. See Section 4.2.3.3 on page 62 and Section 4.2.3.4 on page 64 on how to set to this function.

### 4.2.2.8 Toggled Contact

When the pushbutton is released the corresponding output relay will maintain contact or closure until the user presses the same pushbutton again which will open the relay's contact. This type of relay action usually applies to external applications such as a warning light. See Section 4.2.3.3 on page 62 and Section 4.2.3.4 on page 64 on how to set to this function.

### 4.2.2.9 Pitch \& Catch Function - 4/6/8/12EX2 only

This function allows one transmitter to retain control of a receiver, even if it is powered off, until the "Pitch" command is sent from the transmitter to the receiver and is locked onto and received by the receiver.

Whichever transmitter gains control of the receiver, the receiver locks on to that transmitter's channel. This lock remains in place, even if the transmitter is turned off or goes out of range. This will prevent the other transmitter from being able to start the receiver. This lock remains in place until the correct transmitter sends the Pitch command allowing the receiver to go back into channel scanning.


When set to "Pitch \& Catch" make sure the $2 n d$ transmitter is set to one channel higher (channel $\mathrm{X}+1$ ) than the 1st transmitter (channel $X$ ). The receiver must be set to the same channel as the 1 st transmitter (channel X) and be set to two-channel scanning per Section 4.2.2.10 on page 58. The Pitch \& Catch function will not work if the unassigned channel scheme is used.

Example: If the system is set to channel 01 then the newly added 2nd transmitter must be set to channel 02 with identical serial number. Furthermore, the Channel dipswitch position \#7 and \#8 on the decoder board must set to "10" for 2-channel scanning (scans channel 01 and 02). See Section 4.2.2.10 on page 58, Section 4.2.3.3 on page 62 and Section 4.2.3.4 on page 64 on how to set to this function.

### 4.2.2.10 Receiver Channel Scanning Function

Receiver channel scanning function is applicable only when a preset channel is assigned to the system (see Section 4.1.3 on page 27, part B). When programming the radio control for dedicated channels, the scanning function should be turned on to help maintain first-come-first-served functionality. The receiver should be set for a base channel. One transmitter should be set a base channel and subsequent transmitters should be incremented by one channel each.

(2)
 $\rightarrow$ " 01 " scans 2 channels (channel $X$ and channel $X+1$ )
(3)
 $\rightarrow$ " 10 " scans 3 channels (channel X... channel $\mathrm{X}+2$ )
 $\rightarrow$ "11" scans 4 channels (channel $X \ldots$ channel $X+3$ )**

* Channel $X \rightarrow$ channel set on the Channel dipswitch.
** Contact Magnetek field service if your application requires scanning more than 4 channels.

Example: If the first 6 dipswitch positions are set to channel 01 (000001), when set to 2 -channel scanning (type 2 above) the receiver will scan only channel 01 and 02.

### 4.2.3 Dipswitch Settings

### 4.2.3.1 Interlocked Pushbutton Pair - 4/6/8/12EX2

Interlocked means any pushbutton pair cannot be pressed simultaneously as each press will cancel the other out. Interlocked setting usually applies to electric motor's forward and reverse motion and ON and OFF switches. Each dipswitch on the decoder board corresponds to a pushbutton pair.
Dipswitch S1 is for pushbuttons 1 and 2
Dipswitch S2 is for pushbuttons 3 and 4
Dipswitch S3 is for pushbuttons 5 and 6
Dipswitch S4 is for pushbuttons 7 and 8
Dipswitch S 5 is for pushbuttons 9 and 10
Dipswitch S 6 is for pushbuttons 11 and 12

## 4EX2:



8EX2:


## 6EX2:



## 12EX2:



Default

| Dip Settings | Function Descriptions | \# of Relays Used |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00000000 | Single speed only | 2 |
| 00000010 | 4 output relays Closed/Closed relay action at 2nd speed (separate 2 nd speed output relays) | 4 |
| 00000100 | 3 output relays Closed/Closed relay action at 2nd speed (shared 2nd speed output relay) | 3 |
| 00000110 | 4 output relays Opened/Closed relay action at 2nd speed (separate 2nd speed output relays) | 4 |

Default

| Dip <br> Settings | Function Descriptions | \# of Relays <br> Used |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 00001000 | Forward (or Reverse) + Fast output relays engaged at 2nd speed | 4 |
| 00001010 | Forward (or Reverse) + Slow + Fast output relays engaged at 2nd speed | 4 |
| 00001100 | On (right button) \& Off (left button) | 2 |
| 00010010 | On + Start/Off + Start - For added safety, you must first rotate and hold <br> the power switch key at START position and then press the ON or OFF <br> pushbutton to activate the output relay. | 2 |
| 00010100 | FWD/REV toggled (latching) | 2 |
| 00100000 | Single speed + External warning* | 2 |
| 00100010 | 4 output relays Closed/Closed relay action + External warning* | 4 |
| 00100100 | 3 output relays Closed/Closed relay action + External warning* | 3 |
| 00100110 | 4 output relays Opened/Closed relay action + External |  |
| warning* |  |  |

[^3]
### 4.2.3.2 Interlocked Pushbutton Pair - 4/6EX2 MRX

NOTE: MRX receiver paired with an EX2 transmitter is not available in the U.S., Mexico, and Canada.
Interlocked means any pushbutton pair cannot be pressed simultaneously as each press will cancel the other out. Interlocked setting usually applies to electric motor's forward and reverse motion and ON and OFF switches. Each dipswitch on the decoder board corresponds to a pushbutton pair.

4EX2-MRX:


## 6EX2-MRX:



Default

| Dip <br> Settings | Function Descriptions |
| :---: | :---: |
| 00000 | Single speed only |
| 00001 | 3 output relays Closed/Closed relay action at 2nd speed (shared 2nd speed output relay) |
| 00010 | On (right button) \& Off (left button) (NOTE: See CAUTION below.) |
| 00100 | On (right button) \& Off (left button) <br> (EMS $\rightarrow$ all relays deactivate when STOP button is pressed) |
| 00101 | On + Start/Off + Start - For added safety, you must first press and hold the START button <br> and then press the ON or OFF pushbutton to activate the output relay. |
| 00110 | FWD/REV toggled (NOTE: See CAUTION below.) |
| 00111 | FWD/REV toggled <br> 01000 |
| 01001 | (EMS $\rightarrow$ all relays deactivate when STOP button is pressed) |
| 01010 | Single speed + External warning* |
| 01011 | 3 output relays Closed/Closed relay action + External warning* |

* External warning function requires installing an external warning device such as horn or lights to the K10 Function output relay.


The toggle function in this configuration will stay active after an E-stop. If the function is safety critical, this function is not compliant with the machinery directive.

### 4.2.3.3 Non-Interlocked Pushbutton Pair - 4/6/8/12EX2

The non-interlocked setting allows the receiver to activate relays when a pushbutton pair are pressed simultaneously. It usually applies to equipment's auxiliary functions such as lights, horn, or buzzer. Each dipswitch on the decoder board corresponds to a pushbutton pair. Only the first 7 dipswitch positions are used (counting from left to right). The 8th dipswitch position (far right) is not used.


4EX2:



8EX2:


## 12EX2:



| Function <br> Code | Dip <br> Position <br> \#1 | Dip Position <br> \#2-\#4 (left button) and <br> \#5-\#7 (right button) | Function Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 1 | 000 | Normal momentary contact |
| B | 1 | 001 | Toggled/latching contact (type A) <br> (NOTE: See CAUTION below.) |
| C | 1 | 011 | Toggled/latching contact (type B) <br> Output relay disconnects when STOP <br> button is pressed or transmitter power <br> is off |
| D | 1 | 100 | Normal + Start function <br> For added safety, first rotate and hold <br> the power switch key at the START <br> position <br> and then press the intended pushbut- <br> ton to activate the output relay |
| E | 1 | 110 | Pitch \& Catch (type A) |
| F | 1 | 111 | Pitch \& Catch (type B) <br> Receiver MAIN relays maintain <br> closure during switchovers. |
| G | 1 |  |  |

Example \#1: Left button (set to function code A) / right button (set to function code B) $\rightarrow \mathbf{1} 000001$
Example \#2: Left button (set to function code C) / right button (set to function code D) $\boldsymbol{\rightarrow} \mathbf{1 0 1 1} \mathbf{1 0 0}$


The toggle function in this configuration will stay active after an E-stop. If the function is safety critical, this function is not compliant with the machinery directive.

### 4.2.3.4 Non-Interlocked Pushbutton Pair - 4/6EX2 MRX

Non-interlocked setting allows the pushbutton pair to be pressed simultaneously. It usually applies to equipment's auxiliary functions such as lights, horn, or buzzer. Five dip positions correspond to a pushbutton pair.

NOTE: MRX receiver paired with an EX2 transmitter is not available in the U.S., Mexico, and Canada.
4EX2-MRX:


## 6EX2-MRX:



| Dip Settings | Left Pushbutton | Right Pushbutton |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10000 | Normal | Normal |
| 10001 | Normal | Toggle (NOTE: See CAUTION below.) |
| 10010 | Normal | Toggle (EMS) |
| 10011 | Normal | Normal + Start |
| 10100 | Toggle (NOTE: See CAUTION below.) | Normal |
| 10101 | Toggle (NOTE: See CAUTION below.) | Toggle (NOTE: See CAUTION below.) |
| 10110 | Toggle (NOTE: See CAUTION below.) | Toggle (EMS) |
| 10111 | Toggle (NOTE: See CAUTION below.) | Normal + Start |
| 11000 | Toggle (EMS) | Normal |
| 11001 | Toggle (EMS) | Toggle (EMS) |
| 11010 | Toggle (EMS) | Normal + Start |
| 11011 | Toggle (EMS) | Normal |
| 11100 | Normal + Start | Toggle (NOTE: See CAUTION below.) |
| 11101 | Normal + Start | Togote: See CAUTION below.) |
| 1110 | Normal + Start | Normal + Start |
| 11111 | Normal + Start | TMS) |

* EMS $\rightarrow$ all relays deactivate when STOP button is pressed.

The toggle function in this configuration will stay active after an E-stop. If the function is safety critical, this function is not compliant with the safety directive.

### 4.2.3.5 Other Dipswitch Settings - 4/6EX2 MRX only

NOTE: MRX receiver paired with an EX2 transmitter is not available in the U.S., Mexico, and Canada.


| S2 Dip Position 8 | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| Dip set to "0" or down | Normal |
| Dip set to "1" or up | Display system firmware version |
| S2 Dip Position 9 | Function |
| Dip set to "0" or down | Normal |
| Dip set to "1" or up | System testing (receiver MAIN relays disabled) |
| S2 Dip Position 10 | Receiver-to-transmitter remote pairing <br> (pressing the Pairing button required) |
| Dip set to "0" or down | Receiver-to-transmitter remote pairing <br> (pressing the Pairing button not required) |
| Dip set to "1" or up |  |

### 4.2.4 Jumper Settings

### 4.2.4.1 4EX2

The jumper settings apply to functions such as the standard or reversed logic $A / B$ selector sequence, receiver $A / B / C$ settings, transmitter inline pushbutton configurations, firmware version, system testing and remote pairing methods.


| Jumper Settings |  | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JP3 <br> (Opened) |  | Standard $A / B$ selector sequence - Output <br> relay A activated at A position, output relay B activated at B position, both relays activated at $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}$ position |
| JP3 <br> (Inserted) |  | Reversed logic $A / B$ selector sequence - Output <br> relay $B$ activated at A position, output relay A activated at B position, both relays deactivated at $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}$ position |
| JP4 (Opened) | JP5 (Opened) | Receiver A setting for PB1 through PB4 (receiver select configuration) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { JP4 } \\ \text { (Inserted) } \end{gathered}$ | JP5 <br> (Opened) | Receiver B setting for PB5 through PB8 (receiver select configuration)* |
| JP4 <br> (Opened) | JP5 (Inserted) | Receiver C setting for PB9 through PB12 (receiver select configuration)* |
| JP4 <br> (Inserted) | JP5 (Inserted) | Inline top/bottom pushbutton configuration for PB1 to PB4 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { JP6 } \\ \text { (Inserted) } \end{gathered}$ |  | Display system firmware version |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { JP7 } \\ \text { (Inserted) } \end{gathered}$ |  | For system testing only (receiver MAIN relays disabled) |
| JP8 (Opened) |  | Receiver-to-transmitter remote pairing (pressing the Pairing button required) |
| JP8(Inserted) |  | Receiver-to-transmitter remote pairing (pressing the Pairing button not required) |

Appendix B outlines full functionality

### 4.2.4.2 6EX2

Jumper setting applies to functions such as the standard or reversed logic $A / B$ selector sequence, firmware version, system testing and remote pairing methods.


| Jumper Settings | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| JP3 <br> (Opened) | Standard A/B selector sequence - Output <br> relay A activated at A position, output relay B activated at B position, both <br> relays activated at A+B position |
| JP3 <br> (Inserted) | Reversed logic A/B selector sequence - Output <br> relay B activated at A position, output relay A activated at B position, both <br> relays deactivated at A+B position |
| JP6 <br> (Inserted) | Display system firmware version |
| JP7 <br> (Inserted) | For system testing only (receiver MAIN relays disabled) |
| JP8 <br> (Opened) | Receiver-to-transmitter remote pairing <br> (pressing the Pairing button required) |
| JP8 <br> (Inserted) | Receiver-to-transmitter remote pairing <br> (pressing the Pairing button not required) |

### 4.2.4.3 8EX2 and 12EX2

Jumper setting applies to functions such as the standard or reversed logic A/B selector sequence, transmitter inline pushbutton configurations, firmware version, system testing and remote pairing methods.


| Jumper Settings |  | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JP3 (Opened) |  | Standard $A / B$ selector sequence - Output <br> relay $A$ activated at $A$ position, output relay $B$ activated at $B$ position, both relays activated at $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}$ position |
| JP3 <br> (Inserted) |  | Reversed logic $A / B$ selector sequence - Output relay $B$ activated at A position, output relay $A$ activated at $B$ position, both relays deactivated at $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}$ position |
| JP4 <br> (Opened) | JP5 (Opened) | Standard right/left pushbutton configuration |
| JP4 <br> (Inserted) | JP5 (Opened) | Inline top/bottom pushbutton configuration for PB1 to PB8 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| JP4 <br> (Opened) | JP5 (Inserted) | Inline top/bottom pushbutton configuration for PB1 to PB12* |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { JP4 } \\ \text { (Inserted) } \end{gathered}$ | JP5 (Inserted) | Inline top/bottom pushbutton configuration for PB1 to PB4* |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { JP6 } \\ \text { (Inserted) } \end{gathered}$ |  | System firmware version |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { JP7 } \\ \text { (Inserted) } \end{gathered}$ |  | For system testing only (receiver MAIN relays disabled) |
| JP8 <br> (Opened) |  | Receiver-to-transmitter remote pairing (pressing the Pairing button required) |
| JP8 (Inserted) |  | Receiver-to-transmitter remote pairing (pressing the Pairing button not required) |

[^4]
### 4.2.5 Fuse Ratings - 4/6EX2 only

In each receiver are black, vertically mounted fuse holders. Fuses F1 \& F2 (circled in red) are for the control voltage to power the receiver.
All other fuses are for the control voltage feeds to the output relays.


| FUSE \# | $\mathbf{1 1 0} \mathbf{- 1 2 0 V A C}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 0} \mathbf{- 2 4 0 V A C}$ | $\mathbf{3 8 0} \mathbf{- 4 0 0 V A C}$ | $\mathbf{4 1 0} \mathbf{- 4 6 0 V A C}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 V A C}$ | $\mathbf{4 2} \&$ <br> $\mathbf{4 8 V A C}$ | $\mathbf{9 - 3 6 V D C}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F3-F10 | 5.0 A | 5.0 A | 5.0 A | 5.0 A | 5.0 A | 5.0 A | 5.0 A |
| F1-F2 | 0.5 A | 0.5 A | 0.5 A | 0.5 A | 1.0 A | 1.0 A | 3.0 A |

NOTE: 4EX2 and 6EX2 receivers have power supplies that are specific to their control voltage.
NOTE: The 4EX2-MRX and 6EX2-MRX receivers have three different control voltage configurations: 24-48VAC, 48-240VAC, or 9-36VDC. They do not have field-swappable fuses for the power transformer or the relay outputs.

### 4.2.6 Voltage Settings - 8/12EX2 only

Prior to installation always check to make sure the voltage setting is correct for your application. In each receiver are black, vertically mounted fuse holders. Fuses F1 \& F2 are for the control voltage to power the receiver and all other fuses are for the control voltage feeds to the output relays.

## 8EX2:



12EX2:


Position $1 \rightarrow 110$ - 120VAC
Position $2 \rightarrow 220-240 \mathrm{VAC}$ or 24 VAC **
Position $3 \rightarrow 380-400 \mathrm{VAC}$ or 42 VAC** $^{*}$
Position $4 \rightarrow 410-460$ VAC or 48 VAC $^{* *}$ or $9-36 V_{D C * * *}$
** For system equipped with 24/42/48VAC power supply
*** For system equipped with 9-36VDC power supply

| FUSE \# | 110-120VAC | $\mathbf{2 2 0 - 2 4 0 V A C}$ | $\mathbf{3 8 0 - 4 0 0 V A C}$ | $\mathbf{4 1 0 - 4 6 0 V A C}$ | 24VAC |  <br> 48VAC | 9-36VDC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F3-F10 | 5.0 A | 5.0 A | 5.0 A | 5.0 A | 5.0 A | 5.0 A | 5.0 A |
| F1-F2 | 1.0 A | 1.0 A | 1.0 A | 0.5 A | 3.0 A | 2.0 A | 3.0 A |

### 4.2.7 Horn Installation

A horn can be easily fitted onto the receiver enclosure. When installed at the factory, the horn is wired into the K25 or K10 (4/6EX2 MRX) (FUNC 1) output relay and will function as described in Section 4.2.9 on page 71. Please contact Magnetek field service if you would like the horn to work differently.


### 4.2.8 Indicator Light and Buzzer Installation on the MRX

The indicator light or the buzzer can be easily fitted onto the receiver enclosure. The indicator light or the buzzer works simultaneously with the receiver MAIN relays. The indicator light or the buzzer is connected to the CN5 port located inside the receiver. Please contact Magnetek technical support if you would like this indicator light to work differently than described above.


### 4.2.9 Other Function Output Relays Settings

Listed below are other types of functions that can be outputted through K25, K26 and K30 (4EX2, 8EX2 and 12EX2), K25 and K30 (6EX2), and K10 (4/6EX2 MRX) Function output relays via the infrared IR programmer unit. Contact Sales for more information.

NOTE: MRX receiver paired with an EX2 transmitter is not available in the U.S., Mexico, and Canada.

## 4/6/8/12EX2:



4/6EX2 MRX:


LV $\rightarrow$ Function relay closes when receiver voltage is low.
ID $\rightarrow$ Function relay works simultaneously with all motion commands.
NORMAL $\rightarrow$ START function + AUX with normal momentary output.
TOGGLE $\rightarrow$ START function + AUX with toggled/latching output.
TOG\&E $\rightarrow$ START function + AUX with toggled/latching output. The relay opens when STOP button is pressed down and transmitter power is off.
$\mathbf{S} / \mathbf{P} \rightarrow$ Function relay closes when START command is executed and opens only when transmitter power is turned off.

EXT $\rightarrow$ Function relay works simultaneously with the receiver MAIN relays.
TDM $\mathbf{A + B} \rightarrow$ Function relay closes when selector switch is rotated to the $A+B$ position and opens when rotated to $A$ or $B$ positions (tandem monitoring output).

HORN $\rightarrow$ Function relay closes for up to 3 seconds when START command is executed at transmitter power on and then becomes a normal momentary output thereafter.

G SENSOR $\rightarrow$ Function relay closes when Zero-G sensor is triggered (receiver MAIN relays deactivated) and opens when receiver MAIN relays are reactivated.

### 4.2.10 System Channels Table

The Flex EX2 system makes use of 124 channels. The first set of 62 channels comprises the lower-end channels that can be selected through dipswitch configuration in the receiver and pushbutton configuration in the transmitter.

There is a second set of 62 channels that comprises the upper-end channels that cannot be selected through dipswitch or pushbutton configurations. They are only used when the lower-end channel experiences interference. In this case, the system will automatically switch to its accompanying upper-end channel. If both the lower- and upper-end channel experience interference, then it is recommended that the transmitter be power-cycled to reestablish a clean channel again. The upper-end channels are listed below for the purpose of frequency management only.

433 MHz Channel Set

| Ch. | Dipswitch Setting | Channel Frequency (MHz) | Ch. | Dipswitch Setting | Channel Frequency (MHz) | Upper-End Channel Frequency (MHz) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 01 | 000001 | 433.050 | 32 | 100000 | 434.600 | 436.550 | 438.100 |
| 02 | 000010 | 433.100 | 33 | 100001 | 434.650 | 436.600 | 438.150 |
| 03 | 000011 | 433.150 | 34 | 100010 | 434.700 | 436.650 | 438.200 |
| 04 | 000100 | 433.200 | 35 | 100011 | 434.750 | 436.700 | 438.250 |
| 05 | 000101 | 433.250 | 36 | 100100 | 434.800 | 436.750 | 438.300 |
| 06 | 000110 | 433.300 | 37 | 100101 | 434.850 | 436.800 | 438.350 |
| 07 | 000111 | 433.350 | 38 | 100110 | 434.900 | 436.850 | 438.400 |
| 08 | 001000 | 433.400 | 39 | 100111 | 434.950 | 436.900 | 438.450 |
| 09 | 001001 | 433.450 | 40 | 101000 | 435.000 | 436.950 | 438.500 |
| 10 | 001010 | 433.500 | 41 | 101001 | 435.050 | 437.000 | 438.550 |
| 11 | 001011 | 433.550 | 42 | 101010 | 435.100 | 437.050 | 438.600 |
| 12 | 001100 | 433.600 | 43 | 101011 | 435.150 | 437.100 | 438.650 |
| 13 | 001101 | 433.650 | 44 | 101100 | 435.200 | 437.150 | 438.700 |
| 14 | 001110 | 433.700 | 45 | 101101 | 435.250 | 437.200 | 438.750 |
| 15 | 001111 | 433.750 | 46 | 101110 | 435.300 | 437.250 | 438.800 |
| 16 | 010000 | 433.800 | 47 | 101111 | 435.350 | 437.300 | 438.850 |
| 17 | 010001 | 433.850 | 48 | 110000 | 435.400 | 437.350 | 438.900 |
| 18 | 010010 | 433.900 | 49 | 110001 | 435.450 | 437.400 | 438.950 |
| 19 | 010011 | 433.950 | 50 | 110010 | 435.500 | 437.450 | 439.000 |
| 20 | 010100 | 434.000 | 51 | 110011 | 435.550 | 437.500 | 439.050 |
| 21 | 010101 | 434.050 | 52 | 110100 | 435.600 | 437.550 | 439.100 |
| 22 | 010110 | 434.100 | 53 | 110101 | 435.650 | 437.600 | 439.150 |
| 23 | 010111 | 434.150 | 54 | 110110 | 435.700 | 437.650 | 439.200 |
| 24 | 011000 | 434.200 | 55 | 110111 | 435.750 | 437.700 | 439.250 |
| 25 | 011001 | 434.250 | 56 | 111000 | 435.800 | 437.750 | 439.300 |

433 MHz Channel Set (Continued)

| Ch. | Dipswitch <br> Setting | Channel <br> Frequency <br> (MHz) | Ch. | Dipswitch <br> Setting | Channel <br> Frequency <br> (MHz) |  | Upper-End Channel <br> Frequency (MHz) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 6}$ | 011010 | 434.300 | $\mathbf{5 7}$ | 111001 | 435.850 | 437.800 | 439.350 |  |
| $\mathbf{2 7}$ | 011011 | 434.350 | $\mathbf{5 8}$ | 111010 | 435.900 | 437.850 | 439.400 |  |
| $\mathbf{2 8}$ | 011100 | 434.400 | $\mathbf{5 9}$ | 111011 | 435.950 | 437.900 | 439.450 |  |
| $\mathbf{2 9}$ | 011101 | 434.450 | $\mathbf{6 0}$ | 111100 | 436.000 | 437.950 | 439.500 |  |
| $\mathbf{3 0}$ | 011110 | 434.500 | $\mathbf{6 1}$ | 111101 | 436.050 | 438.000 | 439.550 |  |
| $\mathbf{3 1}$ | 011111 | 434.550 | $\mathbf{6 2}$ | 111110 | 436.100 | 438.050 | 439.600 |  |

863 MHz Channel Set

| Ch. | Dipswitch <br> Setting | Primary <br> Channel <br> Frequency <br> (MHz) | Secondary <br> Channel <br> (MHz) | Ch. | Dipswitch <br> Setting | Primary <br> Channel <br> Frequency <br> (MHz) | Secondary <br> Channel <br> Frequency <br> (MHz) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{0 1}$ | 000001 | 863.050 | 866.550 | 32 | 100000 | 864.600 | 868.100 |
| $\mathbf{0 2}$ | 000010 | 863.100 | 866.600 | 33 | 100001 | 864.650 | 868.150 |
| $\mathbf{0 3}$ | 000011 | 863.150 | 866.650 | 34 | 100010 | 864.700 | 868.200 |
| $\mathbf{0 4}$ | 000100 | 863.200 | 866.700 | 35 | 100011 | 864.750 | 868.250 |
| $\mathbf{0 5}$ | 000101 | 863.250 | 866.750 | 36 | 100100 | 864.800 | 868.300 |
| $\mathbf{0 6}$ | 000110 | 863.300 | 866.800 | 37 | 100101 | 864.850 | 868.350 |
| $\mathbf{0 7}$ | 000111 | 863.350 | 866.850 | 38 | 100110 | 864.900 | 868.400 |
| $\mathbf{0 8}$ | 001000 | 863.400 | 866.900 | 39 | 100111 | 864.950 | 868.450 |
| $\mathbf{0 9}$ | 001001 | 863.450 | 866.950 | 40 | 101000 | 865.000 | 868.500 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 001010 | 863.500 | 867.000 | 41 | 101001 | 865.050 | 868.550 |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | 001011 | 863.550 | 867.050 | 42 | 101010 | 865.100 | 868.600 |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | 001100 | 863.600 | 867.100 | 43 | 101011 | 865.150 | 868.650 |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ | 001101 | 863.650 | 867.150 | 44 | 101100 | 865.200 | 868.700 |
| $\mathbf{1 4}$ | 001110 | 863.700 | 867.200 | 45 | 101101 | 865.250 | 868.750 |
| $\mathbf{1 5}$ | 001111 | 863.750 | 867.250 | 46 | 101110 | 865.300 | 868.800 |
| $\mathbf{1 6}$ | 010000 | 863.800 | 867.300 | 47 | 101111 | 865.350 | 868.850 |
| $\mathbf{1 7}$ | 010001 | 863.850 | 867.350 | 48 | 110000 | 865.400 | 868.900 |
| $\mathbf{1 8}$ | 010010 | 863.900 | 867.400 | 49 | 110001 | 865.450 | 868.950 |
|  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |

863 MHz Channel Set (Continued)

| $\mathbf{1 9}$ | 010011 | 863.950 | 867.450 | $\mathbf{5 0}$ | 110010 | 865.500 | 869.000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ | 010100 | 864.000 | 867.500 | $\mathbf{5 1}$ | 110011 | 865.550 | 869.050 |
| $\mathbf{2 1}$ | 010101 | 864.050 | 867.550 | $\mathbf{5 2}$ | 110100 | 865.600 | 869.100 |
| $\mathbf{2 2}$ | 010110 | 864.100 | 867.600 | $\mathbf{5 3}$ | 110101 | 865.650 | 869.150 |
| $\mathbf{2 3}$ | 010111 | 864.150 | 867.650 | $\mathbf{5 4}$ | 110110 | 865.700 | 869.200 |
| $\mathbf{2 4}$ | 011000 | 864.200 | 867.700 | $\mathbf{5 5}$ | 110111 | 865.750 | 869.250 |
| $\mathbf{2 5}$ | 011001 | 864.250 | 867.750 | $\mathbf{5 6}$ | 111000 | 865.800 | 869.300 |
| $\mathbf{2 6}$ | 011010 | 864.300 | 867.800 | $\mathbf{5 7}$ | 111001 | 865.850 | 869.350 |
| $\mathbf{2 7}$ | 011011 | 864.350 | 867.850 | $\mathbf{5 8}$ | 111010 | 865.900 | 869.400 |
| $\mathbf{2 8}$ | 011100 | 864.400 | 867.900 | $\mathbf{5 9}$ | 111011 | 865.950 | 869.450 |
| $\mathbf{2 9}$ | 011101 | 864.450 | 867.950 | $\mathbf{6 0}$ | 111100 | 866.000 | 869.500 |
| $\mathbf{3 0}$ | 011110 | 864.500 | 868.000 | $\mathbf{6 1}$ | 111101 | 866.050 | 869.550 |
| $\mathbf{3 1}$ | 011111 | 864.550 | 868.050 | $\mathbf{6 2}$ | 111110 | 866.100 | 869.600 |

## 921 MHz Channel Set

| $\mathbf{0 1}$ | 000001 | 921.000 | 924.500 | $\mathbf{3 2}$ | 100000 | 922.550 | 926.050 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{0 2}$ | 000010 | 921.050 | 924.550 | $\mathbf{3 3}$ | 100001 | 922.600 | 926.100 |
| $\mathbf{0 3}$ | 000011 | 921.100 | 924.600 | $\mathbf{3 4}$ | 100010 | 922.650 | 926.150 |
| $\mathbf{0 4}$ | 000100 | 921.150 | 924.650 | $\mathbf{3 5}$ | 100011 | 922.700 | 926.200 |
| $\mathbf{0 5}$ | 000101 | 921.200 | 924.700 | $\mathbf{3 6}$ | 100100 | 922.750 | 926.250 |
| $\mathbf{0 6}$ | 000110 | 921.250 | 924.750 | $\mathbf{3 7}$ | 100101 | 922.800 | 926.300 |
| $\mathbf{0 7}$ | 000111 | 921.300 | 924.800 | $\mathbf{3 8}$ | 100110 | 922.850 | 926.350 |
| $\mathbf{0 8}$ | 001000 | 921.350 | 924.850 | $\mathbf{3 9}$ | 100111 | 922.900 | 926.400 |
| $\mathbf{0 9}$ | 001001 | 921.400 | 924.900 | $\mathbf{4 0}$ | 101000 | 922.950 | 926.450 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 001010 | 921.450 | 924.950 | $\mathbf{4 1}$ | 101001 | 923.000 | 926.500 |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | 001011 | 921.500 | 925.000 | $\mathbf{4 2}$ | 101010 | 923.050 | 926.550 |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | 001100 | 921.550 | 925.050 | $\mathbf{4 3}$ | 101011 | 923.100 | 926.600 |
| $\mathbf{1 3}$ | 001101 | 921.600 | 925.100 | $\mathbf{4 4}$ | 101100 | 923.150 | 926.650 |
| $\mathbf{1 4}$ | 001110 | 921.650 | 925.150 | $\mathbf{4 5}$ | 101101 | 923.200 | 926.700 |
| $\mathbf{1 5}$ | 001111 | 921.700 | 925.200 | $\mathbf{4 6}$ | 101110 | 923.250 | 926.750 |
| $\mathbf{1 6}$ | 010000 | 921.750 | 925.250 | $\mathbf{4 7}$ | 101111 | 923.300 | 926.800 |

921 MHz Channel Set (Continued)

| $\mathbf{1 7}$ | 010001 | 921.800 | 925.300 | $\mathbf{4 8}$ | 110000 | 923.350 | 926.850 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 8}$ | 010010 | 921.850 | 925.350 | $\mathbf{4 9}$ | 110001 | 923.400 | 926.900 |
| $\mathbf{1 9}$ | 010011 | 921.900 | 925.400 | $\mathbf{5 0}$ | 110010 | 923.450 | 926.950 |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ | 010100 | 921.950 | 925.450 | $\mathbf{5 1}$ | 110011 | 923.500 | 927.000 |
| $\mathbf{2 1}$ | 010101 | 922.000 | 925.500 | $\mathbf{5 2}$ | 110100 | 923.550 | 927.050 |
| $\mathbf{2 2}$ | 010110 | 922.050 | 925.550 | $\mathbf{5 3}$ | 110101 | 923.600 | 927.100 |
| $\mathbf{2 3}$ | 010111 | 922.100 | 925.600 | $\mathbf{5 4}$ | 110110 | 923.650 | 927.150 |
| $\mathbf{2 4}$ | 011000 | 922.150 | 925.650 | $\mathbf{5 5}$ | 110111 | 923.700 | 927.200 |
| $\mathbf{2 5}$ | 011001 | 922.200 | 925.700 | $\mathbf{5 6}$ | 111000 | 923.750 | 927.250 |
| $\mathbf{2 6}$ | 011010 | 922.250 | 925.750 | $\mathbf{5 7}$ | 111001 | 923.800 | 927.300 |
| $\mathbf{2 7}$ | 011011 | 922.300 | 925.800 | $\mathbf{5 8}$ | 111010 | 923.850 | 927.350 |
| $\mathbf{2 8}$ | 011100 | 922.350 | 925.850 | $\mathbf{5 9}$ | 111011 | 923.900 | 927.400 |
| $\mathbf{2 9}$ | 011101 | 922.400 | 925.900 | $\mathbf{6 0}$ | 111100 | 923.950 | 927.450 |
| $\mathbf{3 0}$ | 011110 | 922.450 | 925.950 | $\mathbf{6 1}$ | 111101 | 924.000 | 927.500 |
| $\mathbf{3 1}$ | 011111 | 922.500 | 926.000 | $\mathbf{6 2}$ | 111110 | 924.050 | 927.550 |

The above dipswitch settings only apply to setting the channel in the receiver when using the assigned channel scheme (see Section 4.2.1 on page 53). For information on setting the transmitter channel when assigned channel is used, see Section 4.1.3 on page 27, part B.
NOTE: Channel unassigned is represented by "000000" dipswitch setting. See Section 4.1.3 on page 27, part A, unassigned channel scheme.

## 5 Receiver Installation

### 5.1 Pre-installation Precautions

1. Make sure the transmitter and receiver have the same serial numbers and are set to the same channel. If you paired the transmitter and the receiver, the serial number and channel will be the same between the transmitter and receiver.
2. Make sure the receiver is not set to the same channel as any other systems in use in the surrounding area. It is acceptable to have multiple receivers set for the unassigned frequency setting.
3. Make sure the crane or equipment is working properly prior to installation.
4. Make sure the power source to the receiver is set correctly.
5. Switch off the main power source to the crane or equipment prior to installation.

### 5.2 Step-by-Step Installation

Mounting Bracket Type 1


Mounting Bracket Type 1




1. For best reception the location of the receiver should be visible to the operator at all times.
2. The location selected should not be exposed to high levels of electric noise. Mounting the receiver next to an unshielded variable frequency drive may cause radio interference. Always locate the receiver as far away from variable frequency drives and electric motors as possible.
3. Ensure the selected location has adequate space to accommodate the receiver. If an external antenna is used, to avoid the possibility of antenna damage always locate the receiver where the antenna is free from any obstructions.
4. When installing an external antenna make sure the MCX jack located on the decoder board inside the receiver is connected and jumper set to "EXT" position. See number 14 in Section 3.3.1.1 on page 16, Section 3.3.2.1 on page 18, Section 3.3.3.1 on page 20 and Section 3.3.4.1 on page 22.

$\underbrace{\square}_{\square} \begin{array}{ll}\square & \square \\ \square & \square\end{array}$
5. For better reception, make sure the receiver is in an upright position.
6. Drill four holes for mounting bracket type 1 option 1 , one hole for bracket type 1 option 2 on the control panel, wall, or location where the receiver is to be installed.
7. Make sure the screws, bolts or shock absorbers are tightened after installation.
8. It is recommended to install suppressors on all contactors being driven by Flex relays. This is due to the possibility of voltage spikes on the contactors.

## Mounting Bracket Type 1 (Option 1)



MRX Mounting (Option 1)


## Mounting Bracket Type 1 (Option 2)



MRX with Mounting Bracket


NOTE: If wiring the harness into the enclosure is done after the receiver has been slid onto the bracket, be sure to leave enough slack in the harness to allow for the receiver to slide back up off the bracket.
9. Slide down the receiver along the guided track to secure the receiver to the mounting bracket.
10. Remove the receiver by pressing down the bracket release and pulling the receiver upward until it clears the guided track.

## Install

## Mounting Bracket Type 1



## Remove

Mounting Bracket Type 1


Mounting Bracket Type 2


Mounting Bracket Type 2


## 6 System Status Light Indications

### 6.1 Transmitter Status Indications

\(\left.\left.$$
\begin{array}{|c|c|c|}\hline \text { Type } & \text { Display Type } & \text { Indication } \\
\hline \mathbf{1} & \text { Solid red } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Voltage below 1.8V at initial power on } \\
\text { or during operation }\end{array} \\
\hline \mathbf{2} & \text { 3 red blinks and then off } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Voltage below 1.75V during operation } \\
\text { (receiver MAIN relays shut off) }\end{array} \\
\hline \mathbf{3} & \begin{array}{c}\text { 1 red blink followed by a } \\
\text { 2-second pause }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { 2 red blinks followed by a } \\
\text { 2-second pause }\end{array} \\
\text { (changing batteries is recommended) }\end{array}
$$ \right\rvert\, \begin{array}{c}Defective or jammed pushbutton <br>

detected at initial power on\end{array}\right]\)| 4A |
| :--- |
| $\mathbf{4 B}$ |

### 6.2 Receiver Status Indications

| Type | Display Type (Green \& Red) | Indication |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | Fast green blinks | Decoding in process |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Slow green blinks | Decoding on standby |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 2 red blinks | Receiver MAIN relays jammed <br> or defective |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 3 red blinks | Decoding processors defective |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 4 red blinks | Receiving RF board defective |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | Fast red blinks | Incorrect transmitter serial num- <br> ber |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | Solid red | Receiver low voltage |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | No light displayed | Decoding processors defective |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | 3 slow red blinks followed by slow green <br> blinks | STOP button pressed down |

### 6.3 Receiver Power Indications

| Type | Display Type (Red) | Indication |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | On | Power to receiver |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Off | No power to receiver |

### 6.4 Receiver COM Indications

| Type | Display Type (Red) | Indication |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | On | Power to relay board |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | Off | No power to relay board |

## 7 General Specifications

| Frequency Range: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 433.050 MHz - } 439.600 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \text { 863.050 MHz - 869.600 MHz } \\ & \text { 921.000 MHz - } 927.550 \mathrm{MHz} \text { (Australia only) } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number of Channels: | 124 channels |
| Channel Spacing: | 50 KHz |
| Modulation: | Digital Frequency Modulation based on Manchester Code, 20-bit address, 32-bit CRC and Hamming Code |
| Encoder \& Decoder: | Microprocessor-controlled |
| Transmitting Range: | >100 meters (300 feet) |
| Hamming Distance: | >6 |
| Frequency Control: | Synthesized PLL |
| Receiver Type: | Frequency Auto Scanning |
| Receiver Sensitivity: | -116 dBm |
| Spurious Emission: | $-50 \mathrm{~dB}$ |
| Antenna Impedance: | 50 ohms |
| Responding Time: | 40 mS (average) |
| Transmitting Power: | 4/6/8/12EX2: 1.0 mW <br> CE: 2.0 mW |
| Enclosure Type: | NEMA4 |
| Enclosure Rating: | IP66 |
| Output Contact Rating: | 4/6/8/12EX2: 250V @ 8 Amps; 4/6EX2 MRX: 250V @ 6 Amps |
| Transmitter Operating Voltage: | 3.0VDC |
| Receiver Power Consumption: | 4/6EX2: 8VA (max); 8/12EX2: 22VA (max); 4/6EX2 MRX: 7VA (max) |
| Available Receiver Voltages: | 9-36VDC |
|  | 24VAC, 42VAC, 48VAC |
|  | 48-240VAC (4/6EX2 MRX only) |
|  | 110-120VAC (4/6/8/12EX2 only) |
|  | 220-240VAC (4/6/8/12EX2 only) |
|  | 380-400VAC (4/6/8/12EX2 only) |
|  | 410-460VAC (4/6/8/12EX2 only) |
| Operating Temperature: | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-75^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /-13^{\circ} \mathrm{F}-167^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |
| Transmitter Dimension: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4EX2: } 152 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L}) \times 70 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 44 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H}) \\ & \text { 6EX2: } 175 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L}) \times 70 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 44 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H}) \\ & \text { 8EX2: } 198 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L}) \times 70 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 44 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H}) \\ & \text { 12EX2: } 244 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L}) \times 70 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 44 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H}) \end{aligned}$ |
| Receiver Dimension: | 4/6EX2: $196 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L}) \times 149 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 85 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H})$ <br> 8/12EX2: $260 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L}) \times 204 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 83 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H})$ <br> 4/6EX2 MRX: $120 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~L}) \times 90 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 55 \mathrm{~mm}$ (H) |
| Transmitter Weight: | 4EX2: $249 \mathrm{~g} / 8.8 \mathrm{oz}$ (including batteries) <br> 6EX2: $270 \mathrm{~g} / 9.5 \mathrm{oz}$ (including batteries) <br> 8EX2: $292 \mathrm{~g} / 10.3 \mathrm{oz}$ (including batteries) <br> 12EX2: $341 \mathrm{~g} / 12.0 \mathrm{oz}$ (including batteries) |
| Receiver Weight: | 4/6EX2: $1.76 \mathrm{~kg} / 3.8 \mathrm{lb}$ (including output cable) 8EX2: $2.75 \mathrm{~kg} / 6.1 \mathrm{lb}$ (including output cable) 12EX2: $3.15 \mathrm{~kg} / 6.9 \mathrm{lb}$ (including output cable) 4/6EX2 MRX: $900 \mathrm{~g} / 2.0 \mathrm{lb}$ (including output cable) |

## EU Declaration of Conformity Certificate

## For the following equipment:

| Product | $:$ | Flex Series Radio Remote Control System |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |
| Multiple Listee Model No. : | Flex Duo, Flex Base, Flex EX2, Flex Wave |  |
| Manufacturer's Name $:$ | Magnetek, Inc. |  |
| Manufacturer's Address | $:$ | $\underline{\text { N49W13650 Campbell Drive }}$ |
|  |  | Menomonee Falls, WI 53051 |

The undersigned hereby declares on behalf of Magnetek, that the above-referenced product, to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the provisions of the following directives:

- CE Mark Directive (93/68/EEC)
- Machinery Safety Directive (2006/42/EC)
- Radio Equipment Directive (2014/53/EU)
- EMC Directive (2014/30/EU)
- ROHS2 Directive (2011/65/EU)
- General Product Safety (2001/95/EC)


## The standards relevant for the evaluation of the product referenced above conformity to the directive requirements are as

 follows:```
EN 301 489-1 V2.2.1
EN 301 489-3 V2.2.1
EN 300 220-1 V2.4.1
EN 300 220-2 V2.4.1
EN 60950:2006+A1+A11+A12
EN ISO 13849-1:2015 (PLd)
EN 13557:2003+A2:2008
EN 60529 (IP66)
EN }6247
EN 60204-32:2008
EN }5503
EN 55024
```

The Technical Construction File is maintained at:

The European contact for technical documentation is:

Columbus McKinnon Corporation
13830 Ballantyne Corporate Place
Suite 300
Charlotte, NC 28277 USA
Ian Knight
STAHL CraneSystems, Ltd.
Unit 2 Forge Mills Park
Station Road
Coleshill
Warwickshire B46 1JH
United Kingdom

Per Annex II.B of the Machinery Directive (2006/42/EC):
The machinery, product, assembly or sub-assembly covered by this Declaration of Conformity must not be put into service until the machinery into which it is to be incorporated has been declared in conformity with the provisions of the applicable Directive(s). This statement is only necessary where the product is to be incorporated into a machine or system (e.g. a safety component).

## Signature of Authorized Person:



Global Product Manager - Controls
Columbus McKinnon Corporation
Date of Issuance: 10 August 2020

## Appendix A Tandem Systems

NOTE: This is a supplemental section specifically for the Tandem operation. All other sections of the manual still apply to the tandem systems.


The tandem system is not compliant with the CE standards EN 7121 and EN 15011.

## Apx A1. Tandem System Operation

In addition to the features and functions listed in this manual, Flex EX2 Tandem systems provide an operator control of two cranes at the same time. The Flex EX2 Tandem systems allow for simultaneous control of two bridge cranes either by separate transmitters, each controlling a crane independently or from one transmitter controlling both cranes.

Tandem systems come with two types of transmitters: tandem and dedicated. Tandem transmitters have a 3-position rotary selector in the lower left that is used for crane select. Dedicated transmitters do not have a 3-position rotary and that button location is blocked off. Dedicated transmitters are only capable of controlling one bridge without the ability to select cranes.

General operation will have each receiver accept commands from the first transmitter that selects it. During continued operation the receiver will only respond to that transmitter. For a different transmitter to take control of the receiver, the first transmitter must first release control of the receiver by turning the key switch to the OFF position.

When controlling two bridge cranes from a tandem transmitter, the operator will need to be able to have control of both receivers. This requires that no other transmitter is currently linked with a receiver. From the tandem transmitter with the selector switch in the A+B position, the operator will take control of the receivers by holding the key switch in the START position until both receivers link with the transmitter.

When both receivers are linked with one tandem transmitter, the operator can switch control from controlling Crane A or Crane B by changing the rotary selector switch to the desired selection. As long as the transmitter is not turned off, the tandem transmitter will retain control over both receivers, even when only one crane is selected to move into position. Once both cranes are in place, the operator can select BOTH cranes to complete a tandem lift with both cranes from a tandem transmitter.

After the tandem lift is completed and the operator no longer needs to control both cranes, the tandem transmitter is turned off to release control of each receiver. At this time the receivers are now available for another transmitter to link with them.

## Apx A2. Tandem System Operation

1. Before initial start-up, rotate the selector switch on one of the master transmitters to either the $A, B$, or A+B position. Then, execute the START command to activate the MAIN relays in receiver A, receiver $B$, or both receivers (depending on the selector switch position).
2. Once the MAIN relays are active in both receivers, rotate the selector switch to either the $A, B, o r A+B$ position for independent or simultaneous operation. The A/B output relays will also activate based on the selector switch position.

- Selector switch is on A: The A relay will be active on receiver $A$.
- Selector switch is on $B$ : The $B$ relay will be active on receiver $B$.
- Selector switch is on $A+B$ : The A relay will be active on receiver $A$ and the $B$ relay (K16) will be active on receiver B.
- The relay outputs for the specific receiver selection are shown in the table below.

| Active Transmitter | Flex 8EX2 Receiver | Flex 12EX2 Receiver |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Dedicated A transmitter | K 14 | K 22 |
| Dedicated B transmitter | K 16 | K 24 |
| Tandem transmitter Rotary Position A | K 14 | K 22 |
| Tandem transmitter Rotary Position B | K 16 | K 24 |
| Tandem transmitter Rotary Position A+B | $\mathrm{K} 14+\mathrm{K} 16$ | $\mathrm{~K} 22+\mathrm{K} 24$ |

NOTE: These relays are only used to indicate receiver selection. These relays could be wired to crane indicator lights (not provided).

- Additional FUNC relay functions are available through the infrared programmer. Refer to the infrared programmer manual for a complete listing of functions and how to configure their operation.

3. For safety, always check if the selector switch is correctly positioned for the intended receiver or receivers prior to turning on the transmitter power. After the MAIN relays are active in both receivers, turning the master transmitter off or pushing the STOP button will disconnect the MAIN relays in both receivers (regardless of the selector switch position).

Tandem/Tandem Operation


## Tandem/Dedicated Operation



## Apx A3. Tandem System Configurations

A complete Flex EX2 Tandem system provides two receivers, two dedicated transmitters and two tandem transmitters. These components are set up to work together out of the box with the following configurations:

- Receiver A
- Receiver B
- Dedicated transmitter for Receiver A
- Dedicated transmitter for Receiver B
- TWO Tandem transmitters

The default configurations that are present with a new system are as follows:

| Component | Channel <br> Scheme | Channel | Receiver Channel <br> Scanning | Type |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receiver A | Assigned | X | 3 channel | 1 |
| Receiver B | Assigned | $\mathrm{X}+1$ | 3 channel | 2 |
| Dedicated Transmitter A | Assigned | X | - | 1 |
| Tandem Transmitter 1 | Assigned | $\mathrm{X}+1$ | - | 1 |
| Tandem Transmitter 2 | Assigned | $\mathrm{X}+2$ | - | 2 |
| Dedicated Transmitter B | Assigned | $\mathrm{X}+3$ | - | 2 |

## Table Notes:

- Channel Scheme - see Section 4.1.3 on page 27 and Section 4.2.1 on page 53
- Channel - " $X$ " is used to represent the lowest channel used in a configured Tandem system
- Receiver Channel Scanning - see Section 4.2.2.10 on page 58
- Type - Is an additional layer for addressing components that is configurable through the IR Programmer


## Appendix B Receiver Select Radio Systems (RS)

Receiver Select (RS) systems are designed for cranes for interlocking cranes or cranes with independent controls without festooning between the bridge and carrier controls. Multiple receivers are used in this configuration and are mounted on every bridge and carrier. The receivers can be selected through the button sequences below and are indicated on the lights on transmitter when available per configuration.

NOTE: Flex EX2 RS systems allow for one operator at a time regardless of how many receivers are in the configuration. If a second operator is needed for operations, a Flex EX2 tandem system can be considered which will allow for two operators at the same time.

## General Operation

## Apx B1. RS System Types



The Receiver Select system is not compliant with the CE standards EN 7121 and EN 15011.


FLEX-EX2-2RS-3M is designed for (1) Bridge and (1) Carrier with independent Controls. This system comes with (1) Bridge receiver and (1) Carrier Receiver. Carriers are controlled by buttons A \& B. System uses a Type B transmitter.


FLEX-EX2-3RS-5M is designed for (1) Bridge and (2) Carriers with independent Controls. This system comes with (1) Bridge receiver and (2) Carrier Receivers. Carriers are controlled by buttons A \& B. System uses a Type B transmitter.


FLEX-EX2-2RS-4M is designed for (2) Carriers with independent Controls. This system comes with (2) Carrier Receivers. Carriers are controlled by buttons A \& B. System uses a Type C transmitter.

FLEX-8EX2-3RS-6M


FLEX-EX2-3RS-6M is designed for (3) Carriers with independent Controls. This system comes with (1) Bridge receiver and (3) Carrier Receivers. Carriers are controlled by buttons A, B, \& C. System uses a Type C transmitter.


FLEX-8EX2-4RS-8M is designed for (4) Carriers with independent controls. This system comes with (4) Carrier Receivers. System uses a Type C transmitter.

FLEX-12EX2-4RS-6M


FLEX-12EX2-4RS-6M is designed for (2) Bridges and (2) Carriers with independent Controls. This system comes with (2) Bridge receivers and (2) Carrier Receivers. Bridge selection is controlled by buttons $1 \& 2$. Carriers are controlled by buttons A \& B. System uses a Type F transmitter.


FLEX-12EX2-5RS-8M is designed for (2) Bridges and (3) Carriers with independent Controls. This system comes with (2) Bridge receivers and (4) Carrier Receivers. Bridge selection is controlled by buttons $1 \& 2$. Carriers are controlled by buttons A, B, C, \& D. System uses a Type F transmitter.


FLEX-12EX2-6RS-10M is designed for (2) Bridges and (4) Carriers with independent Controls. This system comes with (2) Bridge receivers and (4) Carrier Receivers. Bridge selection is controlled by buttons 1 \& 2. Carriers are controlled by buttons A, B, C, \& D. System uses a Type F transmitter.

FLEX-12EX2-4RS-7M


FLEX-12EX2-4RS-7M is designed for (1) Bridge and (3) Carriers with independent Controls. This system comes with (1) Bridge receiver and (3) Carrier Receivers. Carriers are controlled by buttons A, B \& C. System uses a Type E transmitter.


FLEX-12EX2-4RS-7M is designed for (1) Bridge and (4) Carriers with independent Controls. This system comes with (1) Bridge receiver and (4) Carrier Receivers. Carriers are controlled by buttons A, B, C, \& D. System uses a Type E transmitter.

## Apx B2. I-Chip Settings

A 433-439 MHz Flex EX2 CE transmitter will enter a legacy mode and become backwards compatible with GEN1 Flex EX receivers once an I-Chip is inserted. The serial number and channel are transferred through the I-Chip. The dipswitch is NOT used to change the channel. If the channel needs to be changed, refer to the Channel Change via Push Buttons procedure in a GEN 1 Flex EX manual. The first 8 positions on the EX2 transmitter dipswitch will operate the same as the function dipswitch on the GEN 1 Flex EX transmitter. Refer to the appropriate GEN 1 Flex EX CE manual for function dipswitch settings. Position 9 on the dipswitch will set the Continuous Transmitting Time ( $0=1$ minute, $1=$ time set in I-Chip). Position 10 on the dipswitch is not used.
NOTE: $863-869 \mathrm{MHz}$ and $921-927 \mathrm{MHz}$ (Australia only) Flex EX2 CE transmitters are not compatible with GEN1 Flex EX receivers even if an I-Chip is inserted into the transmitter.

NOTE: All settings in this manual are no longer applicable once an I-Chip is inserted into a Flex EX2 transmitter. Refer to the appropriate GEN 1 Flex EX CE manual instead.

NOTE: A Flex EX transmitter will NOT work with a Flex EX2 receiver.

## I-Chip Settings:

Serial number $=$ match receiver/s
Channel = match receiver/s
Type $=00$


| Transmitter Dipswitch Settings |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transmitter Type |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| B | Non-Interlocked | Off | On | Off | Off | Off | Off | Off | Off | X | X |
|  | Interlocked | Off | On | Off | Off | Off | Off | On | Off | X | X |
| C | Non-Interlocked | Off | Off | On | Off | Off | Off | Off | Off | X | X |
|  | Interlocked | Off | Off | On | Off | Off | Off | On | Off | X | X |
| E | Non-Interlocked | Off | Off | Off | Off | On | Off | Off | Off | X | X |
|  | Interlocked | Off | Off | Off | Off | On | Off | On | Off | X | X |
| F | Non-Interlocked | Off | Off | Off | Off | Off | On | Off | Off | X | X |
|  | Interlocked | Off | Off | Off | Off | Off | On | On | Off | X | X |

$X=$ Not used

## Apx B3. Transmitter Types

There are six transmitter types. Type A through type F.
Type $A$ is a standard transmitter with 8 or 12 function buttons (not pictured)
Type $B$ is to select between 2 carriers (A, B) with 6 function buttons
Type C is to select between 4 carriers (A, B, C, D) with 4 function buttons
Type E is to select between 4 carriers (A, B, C, D) with 8 function buttons
Type $F$ is to select between 2 bridges $(1,2)$ and 4 carriers (A, B, C, D) with 6 function buttons


## Apx B4. RS Transmitter Settings

## a. Infrared Transmitter Settings

The IR programmer unit can be used to set the system serial number, channel, type setting, RS function setting, and many others. Please refer to the Flex IR programmer manual or contact Magnetek field service for more details.

- All transmitters in a system are set to the same serial number and assigned channel.
- All RS transmitters (regardless of their configuration) come preset to Type 00.
- The RS Function settings for each transmitter configuration come preset as follows:



Type B

RS FUNC: 02


Type C

RS FUNC: 04


Type E

RS FUNC: 06


Type F

Please note that the Transmitters must be ordered from the Factory with the receiver select Firmware. Standard EX2 transmitters cannot be reprogrammed for RS functionality.

## Apx B5. RS Receiver Settings

## a. Infrared Receiver Settings

The IR programmer unit can be used to set the system serial number, channel, type setting, function relay settings, and many others. Refer to the Flex IR programmer manual or contact Magnetek field service for more details.

## Presets:

- All receivers in a system are set to the same serial number and assigned channel
- Receiver A - Type 01
- Receiver B - Type 02
- Receiver C - Type 04
- Receiver D - Type 08
- Bridge receiver (non-selectable) - Type 00
- Bridge receiver 1 - Type 16
- Bridge receiver 2 - Type 32
- FUNC RLY1 - Normal
- FUNC RLY2 - RS


## b. EX2 Receiver Select Systems

Jumper setting applies to functions such as the receiver settings, firmware version, system testing and remote pairing methods.


Default

| Jumper Settings |  | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JP4 <br> (Inserted) | JP5 <br> (Open) | Setting for Bridge Receivers (selectable and non-selectable) |
| JP4 <br> (Open) | JP5 <br> (Open) | Setting for Trolley/Hoist Receivers (all letters) |
| JP6 <br> (Inserted) | Display system firmware version |  |
| JP7 <br> (Inserted) | For system testing only (receiver MAIN relays disabled) |  |
| JP8 <br> (Opened) | Receiver-to-transmitter remote pairing <br> (pressing the Pairing button required) |  |
| JP8 <br> (Inserted) | Receiver-to-transmitter remote pairing <br> (pressing the Pairing button not required) |  |

## Apx B6. Flex EX2 RS Wiring Diagram

## Carrier Receiver Wiring



Bridge Receiver Wiring


- For 9-36VDC power supply, wire \#1 corresponds to the negative charge (-) and wire \#3 corresponds to the positive charge (+). Wire \#2 is for GROUND.
- Due to the possibility of voltage spikes on the contactors, suppressors are required on contactors being driven by Flex relays.
- FUNC1 (K25) is set to Normal by default. It will become a normal momentary output after the initial START command.
- FUNC 2 (K26) is set to RS by default. It will become a latched output on any and all receivers that are selected by the transmitter.

Flex EX2
Radio Remote Control Equipment Instruction Manual March 2021


[^0]:    * PB1...PB4 $\rightarrow$ Pushbutton number.

[^1]:    * PB1...PB6 $\rightarrow$ Pushbutton number.
    * Normal $\rightarrow$ Normal momentary contact.
    * $A / 1 \& 2-D / 1 \& 2 \rightarrow A / B$ pushbutton select function with designated LED indication.

[^2]:    * PB1...PB6 $\rightarrow$ Pushbutton number.
    * Normal $\rightarrow$ Normal momentary contact.
    * LED 1 - LED $4 \rightarrow$ Pushbutton toggled function with designated LED indication.

[^3]:    * External warning function requires installing an external warning device such as horn or lights to the K25 Function output relay.

[^4]:    a Appendix B outlines full functionality

